# **Carex appressa**

COMMON NAME

southern cutty grass, tussock sedge

# SYNONYMS

Carex appressa R.Br. var. appressa; Carex paniculata L. var. appressa (R.Br.) Cheeseman

# FAMILY

Cyperaceae

## **AUTHORITY** Carex appressa R.Br.

FLORA CATEGORY Vascular – Native

ENDEMIC TAXON No

ENDEMIC GENUS No

ENDEMIC FAMILY No

STRUCTURAL CLASS Sedges

NVS CODE CARAPP

CHROMOSOME NUMBER 2n = 60-62

**CURRENT CONSERVATION STATUS** 2017 | Not Threatened | Qualifiers: SO

# **PREVIOUS CONSERVATION STATUSES**

2012 | Not Threatened 2009 | Not Threatened 2004 | Not Threatened

# DISTRIBUTION

Indigenous. North Island (Cook Strait region only), South Island (scattered, more common in the southern regions), Stewart Island/Rakiura, Chatham Islands, Antipodes Islands, Auckland Islands and Campbell Island/Motu Ihupuku. Also New Caledonia, Australia and New Guinea. Naturalised around Auckland City.

# HABITAT

Mostly coastal, extending to montane in the subantarctic islands. Preferring open situations, usually on the margins of peat bogs or peaty, slow-flowing streams.

# WETLAND PLANT INDICATOR STATUS RATING

OBL: Obligate Wetland Almost always is a hydrophyte, rarely in uplands (non-wetlands).





In cultivation. Photographer: Jeremy R. Rolfe, Date taken: 01/11/2003, Licence: CC BY.



Carex appressa, naturalised plant, Selcourt Street, Mt Albert, Auckland, October 2005. Photographer: Peter J. de Lange, Licence: CC BY-NC.

## **DETAILED DESCRIPTION**

Stout, rhizomatous sedge, forming robust, harsh and rigid, dark green tussocks. **Culms** 0.2–1.4 m tall, 3.0–6.5 mm wide, acutely trigonous, angles prominently scabrid above; basal sheaths shining, light to dark grey-brown, rarely purple-brown. **Leaves** usually > culms, 3–7 mm wide, channelled, stiffly erect, immature leaves with pungent apices, margins and keel very scabrid. **Inflorescence** an erect, elongated, mostly compact, stiff panicle 60–250 × 10–30 mm, usually interrupted below, branchlets us. < 35 mm long, more crowded above, appressed to inflorescence axis. **Spikes** 5–6 mm long, red-brown, ovoid, androgynous, male flowers terminal. **Glumes** slightly < utricles, ovate, acute, often furnished with a short scabrid mucro, brown with lighter brown midrib. **Utricles** c. 2.5–3.5 × 1.5 mm, plano-convex, conspicuously many-nerved, dark brown; tapered to a beak 1.0–1.5 mm long, margins distinctly toothed, orifice bifid; sharply constricted to a narrow stipe 2–4 mm. long. **Stigmas** 2. **Nut** c. 1.5 mm. long, plano-convex, oblong-obovoid, light or dark brown.

## **SIMILAR TAXA**

*Carex appressa* most closely resembles <u>C. virgata Sol. ex Boott</u>, especially as the inflorescence of both species is a stiffly erect contracted panicle, further, both species have similar distinctly nerved utricles. However, *C. virgata* has more slender culms, narrower leaves and paler brown, less dense-flowered panicles. In *C. appressa* the utricles are > 2.5 mm long while those of *C. virgata* are < 2.5 mm long. On the Chatham Islands *C. appressa* appears to intergrade, or hybridise, with *C. virgata*.

FLOWERING

September-December

FRUITING December-June

# LIFE CYCLE

Nuts surrounded by inflated utricles are dispersed by granivory and wind (Thorsen et al., 2009).

# **PROPAGATION TECHNIQUE**

Easily grown from fresh seed and by the division of whole plants. Will tolerate most conditions but does best in full sun in a permanently damp soil. Rather variable and some horticultural selection is warranted. The typical form with stiffly erect, densely compacted inflorescences is perhaps the most attractive.

## **ETYMOLOGY**

carex: Latin name for a species of sedge, now applied to the whole group.

## ATTRIBUTION

Fact Sheet prepared for NZPCN by P.J. de Lange (110 August 2006). Description adapted from Moore and Edgar (1970)

## **REFERENCES AND FURTHER READING**

Moore LB, Edgar E. 1970. Flora of New Zealand, Volume II. Indigenous Tracheophyta: Monocotyledones except Gramineae. Government Printer, Wellington, NZ. 354 p.

Thorsen MJ, Dickinson KJM, Seddon PJ. 2009. Seed dispersal systems in the New Zealand flora. *Perspectives in Plant Ecology, Evolution and Systematics* 11: 285–309.

## NZPCN FACT SHEET CITATION

Please cite as: de Lange, P.J. (Year at time of access): Carex appressa Fact Sheet (content continuously updated). New Zealand Plant Conservation Network. <u>https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/carex-appressa/</u> (Date website was queried)

## **MORE INFORMATION**

https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/carex-appressa/