

Acacia elata

COMMON NAME

cedar wattle

FAMILY

Fabaceae

AUTHORITY

Acacia elata Benth.

FLORA CATEGORY

Vascular – Exotic

STRUCTURAL CLASS

Trees & Shrubs - Dicotyledons

CONSERVATION STATUS

Not applicable

HABITAT

Prefers moist areas, streamsides etc.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Small to large tree with ribbed stems. Leaves 2-pinnate, pinnae in 2-5 pairs, Pinules widely spaced and green. Inflorescence consists of numerous pale yellow globbose heads arranged in racemes. Seed pod up to 150 x 15 mm.

SIMILAR TAXA

The foliage of this wattle is very distinctive, almost fern-like, and much larger than all other naturalised 2-pinnate wattles.

FLOWERING

February, March

FLOWER COLOURS

White

YEAR NATURALISED

1981

ORIGIN

S.E. Australia

ETYMOLOGY

acacia: Derived from Greek 'akazo' to sharpen, meaning point; spine or thorn.

Life Cycle Comments

Fast growing and long lived.

Reproduction

Seed

Dispersal

Wind and gravity

Tolerances

Can tolerate extended dry periods and frosts.

MORE INFORMATION

<https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/acacia-elata/>



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