Angelica pachycarpa

COMMON NAME angelica

FAMILY Apiaceae

AUTHORITY Angelica pachycarpa Lange

FLORA CATEGORY Vascular – Exotic

STRUCTURAL CLASS Herbs - Dicotyledons other than Composites

NVS CODE ANGPAC

CONSERVATION STATUS Not applicable

HABITAT Terrestrial. Mainly coastal, waste places.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Stout fleshy short-lived perennial up to 1m tall with faint aniseed odour. The stems are hollow and grooved. Leaves are dark green and glossy, and are variable in shape. Basal leaves are 2-3 pinnate and with an obvious petiole. Stem leaves are 1-3 pinnate and with much shorter petiole. Numerous greenish white flowers are held in flat-toped umbels 10-20 cm diameter. The fruit are up to 12 mm long, brown with lighter coloured wings.

SIMILAR TAXA

Can be confused with A. archangelica, the true herbal angelica. But A. pachycarpa has darker leaves, is much smaller, lacks the very strong aroma and the umbels are flat rather than rounded.

FLOWERING November, December, January

FLOWER COLOURS Green, White

YEAR NATURALISED 1978

ORIGIN N.W. Spain, W. Portugal

ETYMOLOGY angelica: From the Latin angelus 'angel', referring to the healing properties of this genus

Reason For Introduction Ornamental Dispersal Humans, wind, water. Tolerances Tolerant of very dry sites including salt-spray.





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