# **Anogramma leptophylla**

# **COMMON NAME**

Jersey fern, annual fern

#### **SYNONYMS**

Polypodium leptophyllum L., Grammitis leptophylla Swartz, Gymnogramme leptophylla Desv., Gymnogramme novae-zelandiae Colenso; Osmunda leptophylla (L.) Savigny in Lam.; Hemionitis leptophylla (L.) Lag.; Acrostichum leptophyllum (L.) Lam. et DC.; Asplenium leptophyllum (L.) Sw.; Grammitis leptophylla (L.) Sw.

# **FAMILY**

Pteridaceae

### **AUTHORITY**

Anogramma leptophylla (L.) Link

# **FLORA CATEGORY**

Vascular - Native

#### **ENDEMIC TAXON**

No

## **ENDEMIC GENUS**

No

# **ENDEMIC FAMILY**

Nο

# STRUCTURAL CLASS

Ferns

# **NVS CODE**

ANOLEP

# **CHROMOSOME NUMBER**

2n = 52, 58

# **CURRENT CONSERVATION STATUS**

2017 | Threatened - Nationally Vulnerable | Qualifiers: DP, RR, SO, Sp

# **PREVIOUS CONSERVATION STATUSES**

2012 | Threatened – Nationally Vulnerable | Qualifiers: EF, RR, SO, Sp 2009 | Threatened – Nationally Vulnerable | Qualifiers: SO, EF, RR, Sp

2004 | Gradual Decline

# **DISTRIBUTION**

Indigenous. New Zealand: North Island, South Island—easterly in its distribution. Also Australia, South America, Africa, India and Europe.

## **HABITAT**

Clay banks, alluvial banks, rock faces and overhangs. Often associated with liverworts.





Mt Wellington (1997). Photographer: Bec Stanley, Licence: CC BY-SA.



Mt Wellington (note liverwort Targionia) (1997). Photographer: Bec Stanley, Licence: CC BY-SA.

### **DETAILED DESCRIPTION**

Dimunitive, tufted, winter dormant, early spring to mid summer-green fern, which dries off by mid to late summer, appearing dead. **Rhizomes** small, hairy. **Stipes** red-brown, glabrous. **Fronds** 10–60 mm long, ovate or narrowly ovate, 2–3-pinnate, 8–50 x 7–30 mm, pale green or yellow-green, somewhat membraneous and delicate, glabrous. **Sterile** fronds smaller than fertile, appearing first. **Ultimate frond divisions** fan-shaped and deeply notched. **Sori** near tips of pinnae, one per segment.

## **SIMILAR TAXA**

None

#### **PROPAGATION TECHNIQUE**

Difficult and should not be removed from the wild.

## **THREATS**

This species is mainly threatened through habitat loss by competition with weeds, and by the removal of surrounding vegetation.

#### **ETYMOLOGY**

anogramma: From the Greek ano 'upward' or 'above' and gramma 'lined' or 'written', referring to the sori maturing

first near the tips

leptophylla: Slender leaf

## WHERE TO BUY

Not commercially available.

## **ATTRIBUTION**

Fact Sheet Prepared for NZPCN by: P.J. de Lange (17 April 2011). Description adapted from Brownsey & Smith-Dodsworth.

#### REFERENCES AND FURTHER READING

Moss T. 1988. The *Anogramma-Targionia* association. <u>Wellington Botanical Society Bulletin 44: 16–18</u>. Brownsey PJ, Smith-Dodsworth JC. 2000. New Zealand Ferns and Allied Plants. David Bateman, Auckland, NZ. 168 p.

# NZPCN FACT SHEET CITATION

Please cite as: de Lange, P.J. (Year at time of access): Anogramma leptophylla Fact Sheet (content continuously updated). New Zealand Plant Conservation Network.

https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/anogramma-leptophylla/ (Date website was queried)

# **MORE INFORMATION**

https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/anogramma-leptophylla/