# Arctium minus subsp. minus

COMMON NAME burdock

**FAMILY** Asteraceae

AUTHORITY Arctium minus (Hill) Bernh. subsp. minus

FLORA CATEGORY Vascular – Exotic

STRUCTURAL CLASS Herbs - Dicotyledonous composites

## **CONSERVATION STATUS**

Not applicable

### HABITAT

Terrestrial. Forest margins, waste places, roadsides, creek beds.

### **DETAILED DESCRIPTION**

Large biennial herb usually 1-1.5 m tall. Stems grooved and with sparse hairs. Basal leaves deltoid up to  $40 \times 30$  cm, green above and white and densely felty beneath, on hollow petioles. Upper leaves similar to lower but becoming smaller. Inflorescence a raceme of small reddish purple flowers, with green bracts. Seed 5-7 mm long with pappus attached.

#### SIMILAR TAXA

Can be distinguished from the very similar A. lappa by the hollow petioles/.

FLOWERING January, February, March, April

FLOWER COLOURS Red/Pink, Violet/Purple

FRUITING February, March, April, May

YEAR NATURALISED 1894

**ORIGIN** Europe, W. Asia

ETYMOLOGY minus: Small; from the Latin minor





Arctium minus subsp. minus, England. Photographer: John Smith-Dodsworth, Licence: CC BY-NC.



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Reason For IntroductionAccidentalReproductionreproduces from seed.Seedmany seeds are producedDispersalWind, water, peopleTolerancesModerately shade tolerant.

#### **MORE INFORMATION**

https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/arctium-minus-subsp-minus/