# **Arum italicum**

# **COMMON NAME**

Italian arum

#### **FAMILY**

Araceae

# **AUTHORITY**

Arum italicum Mill.

# **FLORA CATEGORY**

Vascular - Exotic

#### STRUCTURAL CLASS

Herbs - Monocots

## **NVS CODE**

**ARUITA** 

## **CONSERVATION STATUS**

Not applicable

## **HABITAT**

Heavily disturbed shrubland and forest, herbfield, damp areas with low cover, regenerating ex-pasture.

## **DETAILED DESCRIPTION**

Tuberous, clump-forming perennial 25-60 cm tall. Main tuber 4 cm diameter, many small tubers attached. Leaves up to 30 cm long, arrow shaped (young leaves thinner), glossy, dark-green with creamy midrib and main veins, purple-tinged, present from Autumn to Spring. Flower a yellow spike, surrounded by a 30 x 15 cm, pale green translucent bract. Berries 1 cm, orange or red, on flower stalk after leaves die back.

## **SIMILAR TAXA**

May be confused with Zantedeschia aethiopica, or other lilly species (Calla, Dracunculus) but the dark green leaves with creamy mid-rib and veins are very distinctive.

# **FLOWERING**

October, November

# **FLOWER COLOURS**

Yellow

# **FRUITING**

November, December

#### LIFE CYCLE

Perennial. Spreads via seed and slow vegetative spread. Probably bird dispersed.

# YEAR NATURALISED

1945

# **ORIGIN**

Eurasia

# **REASON FOR INTRODUCTION**

Ornamental





Arum italicum plant. Photographer: John Smith-Dodsworth, Licence: CC BY-NC.



Wanganui. Oct 2007. Photographer: Colin C. Ogle, Licence: CC BY-NC.

# **TOLERANCES**

Drought resistant once established.

# **ETYMOLOGY**

arum: From the Greek word aron which means 'climbing' or 'poisonous plant'.

# **POISONOUS PLANT**

All parts of the plant are poisonous including the bright orange berries.

# MORE INFORMATION

https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/arum-italicum/