# Asparagus scandens

**COMMON NAME** climbing asparagus

FAMILY

Asparagaceae

AUTHORITY Asparagus scandens Thunb.

FLORA CATEGORY Vascular – Exotic

STRUCTURAL CLASS Lianes - Monocots

NVS CODE ASPSCA

## CONSERVATION STATUS

Not applicable

## HABITAT

Terrestrial. Found in lowland and coastal forest, shrublands, mature broadleaf/podocarp forests especially those of light to moderate shade, streams, coastal areas, shrublands, epiphytic niches, roadsides, gravel pits/quarries, farm hedges, house gardens and wasteland areas. Can infest unmodified and fully intact forest.

## WETLAND PLANT INDICATOR STATUS RATING

FACU: Facultative Upland Occasionally is a hydrophyte but usually occurs in uplands (nonwetlands).

## **DETAILED DESCRIPTION**

Slender scrambling or climbing perennial. Tuberous roots. Stems 2-4 m long, green and much branched at the top, thin and wiry. Leaves are flat cladodes (resembling miro), usually in threes at each node, 5-15 mm x 1-1.5 mm. Flowers tiny, whitish, Sep-Dec. Round berry, 8 mm diam, green turning orange-red, Oct-Feb, with 1-2 seeds.

## **SIMILAR TAXA**

Leaf-like cladodes in flat planes separate A. scandens from other asparagus species in NZ.

FLOWERING September, October, November, December

**FLOWER COLOURS** 

White

## FRUITING

January, May, August (Timmins & MacKenzie 1995).

## LIFE CYCLE

Perennial. The flower is hermaphrodite (Timmins & MacKenzie 1995). Reproduces from seed and vegetatively by the transport of tuberous roots (ibid.). Seed is dispersed by birds; tubers spread by soil movement, garden dumping and human activity (ibid.).





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YEAR NATURALISED 1970

ORIGIN trop & S Africa

**REASON FOR INTRODUCTION** Ornamental.

## **TOLERANCES**

Tolerant to heavy shade, but matures and fruits in moderate shade to full light. Wide range of moisture tolerance. Tubers resprout in response to physical damage.

### **ETYMOLOGY**

**asparagus**: An old Greek name for this plant possibly derived from a- (an intensifier) and sparasso 'to tear', referring to the prickles of some species

scandens: Climbing; from the Latin scandere; groth habit

## NATIONAL PEST PLANT ACCORD SPECIES

**This plant is listed in the 2020 National Pest Plant Accord.** The National Pest Plant Accord (NPPA) is an agreement to prevent the sale and/or distribution of specified pest plants where either formal or casual horticultural trade is the most significant way of spreading the plant in New Zealand. For up to date information and an electronic copy of the 2020 Pest Plant Accord manual (including plant information and images) visit the <u>MPI website</u>.

#### **MORE INFORMATION**

https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/asparagus-scandens/