Asplenium aethiopicum

FAMILY

Aspleniaceae

AUTHORITY

Asplenium aethiopicum (N.L.Burm.) Becherer

FLORA CATEGORY

Vascular - Exotic

STRUCTURAL CLASS

Ferns

CONSERVATION STATUS

Not applicable

DISTRIBUTION

Naturalised in New Zealand. Reported from Bay of Islands, Auckland and Christchurch. Uncommon but appears to be increasing around Auckland.

YEAR NATURALISED

2003

ETYMOLOGY

asplenium: From the Greek a- 'without' and splene 'spleen', a northern hemisphere species, the black spleenwort (Asplenium adiantum-nigrum), was once believed to be a cure for diseases of the spleen.

aethiopicum: Africa (especially South Africa); name derived from Aethiops, an African and son of Vulcan, the Greek God of metalworking and fire

Reason For Introduction

Horticultural

Reproduction

By spores

Dispersal

Wind dispersed

Tolerances

Dislikes damp or wet places. Prefers dry, hot, sunny sites.

ATTRIBUTION

Fact Sheet prepared for NZPCN by P.J. de Lange (7 March 2005).

NZPCN FACT SHEET CITATION

Please cite as: de Lange, P.J. (Year at time of access): Asplenium aethiopicum Fact Sheet (content continuously updated). New Zealand Plant Conservation Network.

https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/asplenium-aethiopicum/ (Date website was queried)

MORE INFORMATION

https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/asplenium-aethiopicum/





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