Bambusa oldhamii

COMMON NAME

Oldham's bamboo

FAMILY Poaceae

AUTHORITY Bambusa oldhamii Munro

FLORA CATEGORY Vascular – Exotic

STRUCTURAL CLASS Grasses

NVS CODE BAMOLD

CONSERVATION STATUS Not applicable

BRIEF DESCRIPTION

A very large bamboo, probably the largest naturalised species but not particularly invasive. Forms dense clumps rather than spreading over extensive areas. Stems (culm internodes) round, several branches per node with one usually much larger than the others. Oblong lanceolate leaves, not glaucous or hairy.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Clump-forming bamboo, forming clumps but not running extensively. **Stems** usually 10–13 m but can be taller and 4–8 cm diameter; several branches at each node, usually >1 m long. **Culm sheaths** very large and, on bigger shoots, may have black hairs that are soon shed (caducous). **Leaf-blade** oblong-lanceoloate, 8–18 cm long 1.5–3 cm wide, green and not hairy.

YEAR NATURALISED

ORIGIN South China

ETYMOLOGY bambusa: Derived from the Malay name for this plant

MORE INFORMATION https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/bambusa-oldhamii/





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