

Bragginsella anomala

COMMON NAMES

liverwort

BIOSTATUS

Native – Endemic taxon

CURRENT CONSERVATION STATUS

2020 | Data Deficient

[Jump to previous conservation statuses](#)

CATEGORY

Non-vascular

STRUCTURAL CLASS

Liverworts

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Plants diminutive, light green to red green (drying ivory white), without wall pigments, growing erect through other mosses; shoots indeterminate in length, living axes usually under 12 mm long, mostly 370–435 microns wide with leaves. Plants freely but remotely branching, branches acute or almost at right angles to stem, lateral-intercalary, occupying the entire median portion of the leaf axil. Stems c.90–140 microns diameter, wiry, firm, smooth or weakly striolate, c. 10 cells high, with rigid, thick-walled cells. Cortical cells smooth, in surface view very irregular, 10–14 x 13–26 microns radial walls thick, lumina rounded. Rhizoids usually absent, rarely bearing a few short rhizoids, locally scattered on ventral side of stem; without geotropic or plagiotropic leafless axes. Bilaterally symmetric, ventral merophytes vestigially developed, 1(–2) cells wide, mostly devoid of perceptible under leaves, sometimes vestigial ones present, bearing slime papillae, or with few-celled cushion near the ventral base of leaves on one side of the axis. Leaves remote, alternate, stiffly laterally spreading, ranging to erect-spreading, 245–265 x 225–255 microns broadly ovate, unistratose, unlobed and edentate, insertion broad-based, the apices somewhat contracted to narrowly rounded, strongly concave; leaf insertion along a weakly arched line, dorsal portion of the insertion usually perceptibly but weakly extended toward shoot apex. Cells of leaves extremely small, marginal 9–11 microns median no wider but tending to be longer 7–11 x 7–15 microns orientated linearly, variable; basal cells orientated in lines as the median, also variable, 7–9 x 15–21 microns often varying in one leaf from oblong to scarcely elongate, cuticle of cells armed, on margins and the surface, with tholiform papillae; these not arising over lumen but over radial cell walls, papillae similar in diameter to cell width, with those of distal and peripheral sectors having discernible individual boundaries or, locally coalescent in transverse lines, papillae of median sectors ± coalescent in longitudinal lines, those of leaf bases apparently orientated and coalescent in longitudinal lines terminating at leaf base. Perianths requiring description.

DISTRIBUTION

Endemic monotypic genus. Known so far only from one site in Arthur's Pass National Park, South Island

SUBSTRATE DETAILS

Subalpine to alpine. Terricolous or saxicolous. In dark sites on steep sided walls of a deep stream draining an alpine basin.

THREATS

Although only known from the type locality so far, the habitat this species occupies is both widespread and secure. Further it has not been searched for that extensively within this type of habitat. Therefore it seems more appropriate to treat this species as 'Data Deficient' until such time as a thorough survey for it has been undertaken. At its sole known location it is vulnerable to overcollection. Luckily it is very small and easily overlooked. However, until further populations are found this unusual liverwort remains at serious risk of extinction. Especially as its only known habitat is so prone to human disturbance, and because it is so small, inconspicuous, and occupies such a small area, its eradication by accident or stochastic events are a major conservation concern.

GENUS

Bragginsella



FAMILY

Acrobolbaceae

AUTHORITY

Bragginsella anomala R.M.Schust.

SYNONYMS

None (described in 1997)

ENDEMIC TAXON

Yes

ENDEMIC GENUS

Yes

ENDEMIC FAMILY

No

FRUITING

January-February (still poorly known)

PLANT OF THE MONTH

This plant has been featured as a Plant of the Month – see [Trilepidea: NZPCN newsletter for March 2007](#) for the full story.

ETYMOLOGY

anomala: From the Greek anomalia ‘unusual’

PREVIOUS CONSERVATION STATUSES

2009 | Data Deficient | Qualifiers: OL

2004 | Threatened – Nationally Critical

[Jump to current conservation status](#)

REFERENCES AND FURTHER READING

Schuster, R.M. 1997: On *Bragginsella*, a new genus of Jungermanniales from New Zealand. *Bryologist* 100: 362-367.

ATTRIBUTION

Fact sheet prepared for NZPCN by P.J. de Lange 1 November 2007. Description based on Schuster (1997).

MORE INFORMATION

<https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/bragginsella-anomala/>

PDF DATE

25 May 2026