

Carex demissa

COMMON NAME

yellow sedge

FAMILY

Cyperaceae

AUTHORITY

Carex demissa Hornem.

FLORA CATEGORY

Vascular – Exotic

STRUCTURAL CLASS

Sedges

NVS CODE

CARDEM

CONSERVATION STATUS

Not applicable

BRIEF DESCRIPTION

Grass-like yellowish-green sward-forming plant, with small prickly catkins (spikes) produced along the stems in spring.

DISTRIBUTION

Scattered throughout, common in high rainfall areas such as Westland and Southland.

HABITAT

Water body margins, swamps, damp waste places and low-lying areas.

WETLAND PLANT INDICATOR STATUS RATING

FACW: Facultative Wetland

Usually is a hydrophyte but occasionally found in uplands (non-wetlands).

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Tufts ± dense. b variable, to 30 cm long and much > leaves, but often < leaves, erect or ± flaccid, smooth, subterete. **Leaves** 1.5–3 mm wide, channelled, dull yellow-green; ligule notched; sheaths almost white, becoming grey. **Inflorescence** of one terminal pedunculate male spike and 1–4 ± sessile, erect female spikes usually approximate at top of stem but often with a single female spike towards base of stem; subtending bracts > inflorescence, flaccid. **Male spike** to 2 cm × 2 mm; glumes light brown, ± 4 mm long, obtuse, light brown. **Female spikes** ± 1 cm × 5 mm; glumes < utricles, ovate, subacute, membranous, brown-tinged. **Utricles** ± 3 × 1 mm, glabrous, faintly nerved, inflated, yellow-green, obovoid, abruptly narrowed to a bifid beak to 1 mm long. **Stigmas** 3. **Nut** obovoid, trigonous.

SIMILAR TAXA

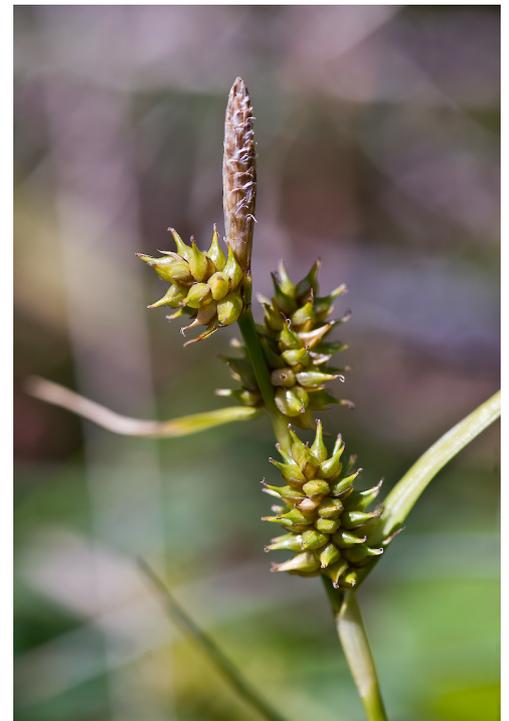
Superficially similar to many *Carex* species with distinct male and female spikes. Perhaps closest to the related native *C. flaviformis*, distinguished by the female spike crowded beneath the male spike, not distant as with *C. demissa*).

FLOWERING

Spring



Putara, Wairarapa. Photographer: Jeremy R. Rolfe, Date taken: 02/01/2008, Licence: CC BY.



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FLOWER COLOURS

Green

FRUITING

Summer

LIFE CYCLE

Seed dispersed by contaminated machinery or waterfowl.

YEAR NATURALISED

1907

ORIGIN

Europe, eastern Canada

REASON FOR INTRODUCTION

Unknown, seed or soil contaminant.

CONTROL TECHNIQUES

Not controlled in New Zealand.

ETYMOLOGY

carex: Latin name for a species of sedge, now applied to the whole group.

ATTRIBUTION

Factsheet prepared by Paul Champion and Deborah Hofstra (NIWA). Features description from Healy and Edgar (1980).

REFERENCES AND FURTHER READING

Champion P. et al. 2020. Freshwater Invasive Species of New Zealand 2020. NIWA publication.

<https://docs.niwa.co.nz/library/public/FreInSpec.pdf>

Johnson PN, Brooke PA. 1989. Wetland plants in New Zealand. DSIR Field Guide, DSIR Publishing, Wellington, NZ. 319 p.

MORE INFORMATION

<https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/carex-demissa/>