# Carex enysii

## **COMMON NAME**

Enys's sedge

#### **SYNONYMS**

None

## **FAMILY**

Cyperaceae

#### **AUTHORITY**

Carex enysii Petrie

## **FLORA CATEGORY**

Vascular - Native

## **ENDEMIC TAXON**

Yes

# **ENDEMIC GENUS**

No

# **ENDEMIC FAMILY**

No

# STRUCTURAL CLASS

Sedges

## **NVS CODE**

**CARENY** 

# **CURRENT CONSERVATION STATUS**

2017 | At Risk - Naturally Uncommon | Qualifiers: DP, Sp

### PREVIOUS CONSERVATION STATUSES

2012 At Risk – Naturally Uncommon Qualifiers: Sp

2009 | At Risk - Naturally Uncommon | Qualifiers: DP

2004 | Sparse

#### **DISTRIBUTION**

Endemic. North Island and South Island. Scarce in the North Island where it is known from two sites (Maungahararu Range and Mt Ruapehu).

# **HABITAT**

A species of open, moist stony ground, particularly on or near limestone or chlorite schists. Usually found within tussock grassland or associated subalpine scrub. Sometimes present in montane forest.

# **WETLAND PLANT INDICATOR STATUS RATING**

**OBL: Obligate Wetland** 

Almost always is a hydrophyte, rarely in uplands (non-wetlands).





Mount Arthur (from a specimen collected by Graeme Jane). Photographer: Jeremy R. Rolfe, Date taken: 23/10/2007, Licence: CC BY.



Herbarium specimen: AK 290626. Photographed with permission of Auckland Institute and Museum. Photographer: Jeremy R. Rolfe, Date taken: 23/10/2007, Licence: CC BY.

#### **DETAILED DESCRIPTION**

Shortly rhizomatous, swarding dark green to yellow-green diminutive sedge forming a dense, compact turf amongst stones and tussocks. **Culms**  $0-15-100 \times 0.2-0.4-(0.5)$  mm, terete, shallowly grooved; basal sheaths chestnut-brown to yellow-brown. Leaves about equal in length to culms, 0.3 mm wide, plano-convex, hair-like, lamina involute just above wide brown sheath, margins smooth, apex obtuse. **Inflorescence** solitary, terminal, spike of tightly clustered flowers; female flowers 2-3 overtopping the 1-2 male flowers. **Glumes**: lowermost female glume bractiform, 4-7 mm long; upper female glumes 3 mm long, ovate, acute, brown, midrib green, margin hyaline. **Utricles**  $2.5-3 \times 1-2$  mm, ovoid, sub-terete, pale brown to very light brown, irrespective of colour becoming distinctly paler toward the base, smooth, glabrous, tapered to a darker beak 1 mm long with a hyaline, oblique orifice; stipe minute or absent. **Stigmas** 3. **Rhachilla** enclosed within utricle 1  $\times$  0.3 mm at the base, tapering to a bluntly truncate apex. **Nut** 1.5 mm long, obtusely trigonous.

## **SIMILAR TAXA**

Allied to <u>C. acicularis Boott in Hook.f.</u>, and <u>C. allanii Hamlin</u>, and distinguished from both by the glabrous rather than scabrid utricle beak and shorter rhachilla (1 mm compared with 2 mm in the other two species).

#### **FLOWERING**

October-December

#### **FRUITING**

October-April

## LIFE CYCLE

Nuts surrounded by inflated utricles are dispersed by granivory and wind (Thorsen et al., 2009).

#### **PROPAGATION TECHNIQUE**

Easily grown from rooted pieces and fresh seed but slow growing and somewhat fickle. Best kep in a pot, in full sun with a permanently moist soil.

## **THREATS**

Biologically sparse and probably also overlooked as it is rather small and inconspciuous. At present it doe snot seem be threatened although some populations are probably vulnerable to invasive weeds.

# **ETYMOLOGY**

carex: Latin name for a species of sedge, now applied to the whole group.

**enysii**: Named in honour of John Davies Enys (1837-1912), a Cornish geologist, biologist and farmer, who owned Castle Hill Station in Canterbury from 1867 to 1891.

# WHERE TO BUY

Not commercially available

#### **ATTRIBUTION**

Fact Sheet prepared by P.J. de Lange (8 August 2007). Description adapted from Moore and Edgar (1970)

# REFERENCES AND FURTHER READING

Moore LB, Edgar E. 1970. Flora of New Zealand, Volume II. Indigenous Tracheophyta: Monocotyledones except Gramineae. Government Printer, Wellington, NZ. 354 p.

Thorsen MJ, Dickinson KJM, Seddon PJ. 2009. Seed dispersal systems in the New Zealand flora. *Perspectives in Plant Ecology, Evolution and Systematics* 11: 285–309.

# NZPCN FACT SHEET CITATION

Please cite as: de Lange, P.J. (Year at time of access): Carex enysii Fact Sheet (content continuously updated). New Zealand Plant Conservation Network. <a href="https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/carex-enysii/">https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/carex-enysii/</a> (Date website was queried)

# **MORE INFORMATION**

https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/carex-enysii/