# **Carex forsteri**

# COMMON NAME

Forster's sedge

#### **SYNONYMS**

Carex recurva Schkuhr; Carex punctulata A.Rich.; Carex semiforsteri C.B.Clarke

## FAMILY

Cyperaceae

# AUTHORITY

Carex forsteri Wahl.

#### FLORA CATEGORY Vascular – Native

ENDEMIC TAXON Yes

ENDEMIC GENUS No

ENDEMIC FAMILY No

#### STRUCTURAL CLASS Sedges

NVS CODE CARFOR

CHROMOSOME NUMBER 2n = 60

CURRENT CONSERVATION STATUS 2017 | Not Threatened

## **PREVIOUS CONSERVATION STATUSES**

2012 | Not Threatened 2009 | Not Threatened 2004 | Not Threatened

#### DISTRIBUTION

Endemic. New Zealand: North and South Islands. In the North Island common south of Auckland, in the South Island common in Marlborough Sounds and on Banks Peninsula, otherwise sporadic in its occurrences and not recorded from Westland or Fiordland.

## HABITAT

Coastal to montane (rarely subalpine). Usually in dense forest within high rainfall areas where it grows in wet seepages, depressions and along stream banks. A common species of karst country where it is often very conspicuous around sinkholes (tomo) and at cave entrances. Occasionally found around seepages in tall tussock grassland





Porirua Scenic Reserve. Photographer: Jeremy R. Rolfe, Date taken: 24/12/2006, Licence: CC BY.



Spikelet. Porirua Scenic Reserve. Photographer: Jeremy R. Rolfe, Date taken: 24/12/2006, Licence: CC BY.

#### **DETAILED DESCRIPTION**

Large leafy tufts. **Culms** up to 0.9 m tall, 1.0–2.5 mm diameter, trigonous, smooth or occasionally slightly scabrid below inflorescence; basal sheaths dark red-brown. **Leaves** much > culms, up to 1.2 m long, 3–12 mm wide, double-folded, keel and margins scabrid. **Inflorescence** of 4–8 spikes; terminal 1–3 spikes wholly or partly male; remaining spikes female with some male flowers at the base, 25–110 × 5–11 mm,  $\pm$  distant,  $\pm$  pedunculate, lowest peduncles often long and slender and spikes drooping, green to grey-green. **Glumes** 2–5 mm. long, lanceolate, gradually tapering to a scabrid awn, membranous, light brown, with a narrow green midrib. **Utricles** = or slightly > glumes, 4–5 × c. 1 mm, subtrigonous, lanceolate, slightly reflexed, turgid towards the base, distinctly many-nerved, greenish brown, gradually tapering to a beak 1.5–2.0 mm long with an oblique, bifid, scabrid orifice. **Stigmas** 3. **Nut** 1.5–2.0 mm long, trigonous, elliptic-obovoid, cream to dark brown.

#### **SIMILAR TAXA**

Easily distinguished from other wide-leaved carices by the absence of cross-veinlets, and long pedunculate spikes whose utricles have an oblique orifice of the utricle. Most likely to be confused with <u>C. cockayneana</u> as both grow in similar habitats (though *C. forsteri* is more common at lower elevations) and both have greenish spikes. From *C. forsteri*, *C. cockayneana* differs by the utricles which are shorter, smooth (rather than nerved) and have a shorter beak and straight rather than oblique mouth.

#### **FLOWERING**

September-November

FRUITING October-May

#### LIFE CYCLE

Nuts surrounded by inflated utricles are dispersed by granivory and wind (Thorsen et al., 2009).

#### **PROPAGATION TECHNIQUE**

Easily grown from fresh seed and by the division of established plants. Excellent for a permanently damp situation in a shaded site where it does best planted within a rich soil.

#### **ETYMOLOGY**

carex: Latin name for a species of sedge, now applied to the whole group.

#### **ATTRIBUTION**

Fact Sheet prepared by P.J. de Lange (10 August 2006). Description adapted from Moore and Edgar (1970)

#### **REFERENCES AND FURTHER READING**

Moore LB, Edgar E. 1970. Flora of New Zealand, Volume II. Indigenous Tracheophyta: Monocotyledones except Gramineae. Government Printer, Wellington, NZ. 354 p.

Thorsen MJ, Dickinson KJM, Seddon PJ. 2009. Seed dispersal systems in the New Zealand flora. *Perspectives in Plant Ecology, Evolution and Systematics* 11: 285–309.

#### NZPCN FACT SHEET CITATION

Please cite as: de Lange, P.J. (Year at time of access): Carex forsteri Fact Sheet (content continuously updated). New Zealand Plant Conservation Network. <u>https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/carex-forsteri/</u> (Date website was queried)

#### **MORE INFORMATION**

https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/carex-forsteri/