# Carmichaelia crassicaulis subsp. crassicaulis

### COMMON NAME coral broom

## **SYNONYMS**

Corallospartium crassicaule (Hook.f.) J.B.Armstr.; Corallospartium crassicaule var. crassicaule (Hook.f.) J.B.Armstr.

## FAMILY

Fabaceae

AUTHORITY Carmichaelia crassicaulis Hook.f. subsp. crassicaulis

#### FLORA CATEGORY Vascular – Native

ENDEMIC TAXON Yes

### ENDEMIC GENUS No

INO

# ENDEMIC FAMILY No

STRUCTURAL CLASS Trees & Shrubs - Dicotyledons

NVS CODE CARCSC

# CHROMOSOME NUMBER 2n = 32

CURRENT CONSERVATION STATUS 2017 | At Risk – Declining | Qualifiers: RF

## PREVIOUS CONSERVATION STATUSES 2012 | At Risk – Declining | Qualifiers: RF

2009 | At Risk – Declining | Qualifiers: RF 2004 | Gradual Decline

# **BRIEF DESCRIPTION**

Rare robust shrub with erect leafless thick blunt-tipped grooved branches. Branches to 1cm in diameter, tip oval in cross section, grooves filled with white fuzz. Flowers small, pea-like, pale pink, streaked with purple. Fruit a small dry hairy pod with a long curved tip and containing 1-3 hard yellow seeds.

# DISTRIBUTION

South Island: east of the main divide.

# HABITAT

Upland and subalpine grassland, scrub and rock.





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## **DETAILED DESCRIPTION**

Rigid shrub up to 2m tall. Branches stout, erect, yellowish-green, deeply grooved with numerous parallel hair-lined grooves. Branchlets similar but somewhat flattened, up to 1cm or more diameter, new growth densely covered in white hairs. Juvenile leaves almost round, adult leaves oblong. Plants nearly leafless when mature. Flowers creamy coloured, 6mm long, up to 20 in a tight cluster. Flower stalks and sepals covered in thick, soft, white hair. Seed pods 6-7mm long, rounded, usually one-seeded.

### **SIMILAR TAXA**

Other Carmichaelia species. C. crassicaule has stout, erect, grooved branches, compressed one-seeded pods and tight bundles of flowers with woolly sepals.

FLOWERING December - January

FLOWER COLOURS

Cream, Violet/Purple

**FRUITING** March - May

### LIFE CYCLE

Seeds are possibly dispersed by wind and granivory (Thorsen et al., 2009).

#### **PROPAGATION TECHNIQUE**

Easy from fresh seed. Can be grown with some difficulty from semi hardwood cuttings. Dislikes humidity and once established should not be moved.

#### **ETYMOLOGY**

carmichaelia: After Carmichael, a botanist

WHERE TO BUY Not commercially available.

ATTRIBUTION Fact Sheet Prepared for NZPCN by: P.J. de Lange 28 October 2009. Description based on Allan (1961)

## **REFERENCES AND FURTHER READING**

Allan, H.H. 1961: Flora of New Zealand. Vol. I. Wellington, Government Printer. Thorsen, M. J.; Dickinson, K. J. M.; Seddon, P. J. 2009. Seed dispersal systems in the New Zealand flora. Perspectives in Plant Ecology, Evolution and Systematics 2009 Vol. 11 No. 4 pp. 285-309

# NZPCN FACT SHEET CITATION

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MORE INFORMATION https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/carmichaelia-crassicaulis-subsp-crassicaulis/