Chenopodium triandrum

COMMON NAME

pigweed

SYNONYMS

Rhagodia triandra; Einadia triandra (G.Forst.) A.J.Scott

FAMILY

Amaranthaceae

AUTHORITY

Chenopodium triandrum G.Forst.

FLORA CATEGORY

Vascular - Native

ENDEMIC TAXON

Yes

ENDEMIC GENUS

No

ENDEMIC FAMILY

No

STRUCTURAL CLASS

Herbs - Dicotyledons other than Composites

NVS CODE

EINTRI

CHROMOSOME NUMBER

2n = 36

CURRENT CONSERVATION STATUS

2017 | Not Threatened

PREVIOUS CONSERVATION STATUSES

2012 | Not Threatened

2009 | Not Threatened

2004 | Not Threatened

DISTRIBUTION

Endemic. Kermadec, Three Kings, North, South Stewart and Chatham Islands

LIFE CYCLE

Fleshy berries are dispersed by frugivory (Thorsen et al., 2009).

ETYMOLOGY

chenopodium: From the Greek chen 'goose' and pous 'foot', referring to the shape of the leaves

REFERENCES AND FURTHER READING

Thorsen, M. J.; Dickinson, K. J. M.; Seddon, P. J. 2009. Seed dispersal systems in the New Zealand flora. Perspectives in Plant Ecology, Evolution and Systematics 11: 285-309

MORE INFORMATION

https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/chenopodium-triandrum/





Pencarrow, Wellington Harbour. Photographer: Jeremy R. Rolfe, Date taken: 09/02/1992, Licence: CC BY.



Palmer Head, Wellington. Photographer: Jeremy R. Rolfe, Date taken: 11/01/2007, Licence: CC BY.