# **Dactylis glomerata**

## **COMMON NAME**

cocksfoot

#### **FAMILY**

Poaceae

#### **AUTHORITY**

Dactylis glomerata L.

## **FLORA CATEGORY**

Vascular - Exotic

## STRUCTURAL CLASS

Grasses

## **NVS CODE**

**DACGLO** 

#### **CONSERVATION STATUS**

Not applicable

## **HABITAT**

Terrestrial. A plant of coastal, lowland, montane and subalpine habitats (Timmins & MacKenzie 1995). Plant grows in scrub and forest margin, shrubland, tussockland, herbfields, fernland, sand dune hollows and riverbeds (Timmins & MacKenzie 1995).

#### WETLAND PLANT INDICATOR STATUS RATING

FACU: Facultative Upland

Occasionally is a hydrophyte but usually occurs in uplands (non-wetlands).

## **DETAILED DESCRIPTION**

Hairless, erect, greyish to bluish green, strongly tufted perennial grass to 1 m tall. **Roots** fibrous. **Leaf** folded when emerging,  $100-450 \times 2-14$  mm, rough towards boat-shaped tip, harsh when old, dull beneath with prominent sharp keel. **Ligule** 2–12 mm long, membranous, often torn. **Sheath** strongly flattened, sharply keeled. **Seedhead** a large panicle, with one-sided clusters of flattened spikelets. **Seeds** with bristly ends.

## **SIMILAR TAXA**

Distinctive large pannicle, with one-sided clusters when mature. May be confused with <u>Poa annua</u> when young but sheath base is flattened in *D. glomerata* and not in <u>Poa annua</u>.

## LIFE CYCLE

Perennial. Reproduces by tillars and seed. Seed is dispersed by wind, water, humans and vertebrates (Timmins & MacKenzie 1995).

#### YEAR NATURALISED

1867

## **ORIGIN**

Eurasia, Nth Africa

## **REASON FOR INTRODUCTION**

Agricultural





Coromandel, October. Photographer: John Smith-Dodsworth, Licence: CC BY-NC.



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## **TOLERANCES**

The plant is slightly tolerant to drought, shade and poor drainage and is frost tolerant (Timmins & MacKenzie 1995). The plant is able to resprout after physical damage and fire (Timmins & MacKenzie 1995).

# **ETYMOLOGY**

dactylis: From the Greek dacktyolos 'a finger', referring to the shape of the panicle

## REFERENCES AND FURTHER READING

Timmins SM, Mackenzie IW. 1995. Weeds in New Zealand Protected Natural Areas database. *Department of Conservation Technical Series 8*. Department of Conservation, Wellington, NZ. 282 p.

# **MORE INFORMATION**

https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/dactylis-glomerata/