

# Drosera arcturi

## COMMON NAME

sundew

## SYNONYMS

*Drosera polyneura* Colenso, *D. ruahinensis* Colenso, *D. ligulata* Colenso, *D. atra* Colenso

## FAMILY

Droseraceae

## AUTHORITY

*Drosera arcturi* Hook.

## FLORA CATEGORY

Vascular – Native

## ENDEMIC TAXON

No

## ENDEMIC GENUS

No

## ENDEMIC FAMILY

No

## STRUCTURAL CLASS

Herbs - Dicotyledons other than Composites

## NVS CODE

DROARC

## CURRENT CONSERVATION STATUS

2012 | Not Threatened

## PREVIOUS CONSERVATION STATUSES

2009 | Not Threatened

2004 | Not Threatened

## DISTRIBUTION

Indigenous. North, South and Stewart islands from the main central North Island axial ranges and volcanic plateau south. Also in Australia.

## HABITAT

Montane to subalpine bogs, descending to sea level in southern part of its range. Often grows at the margins of tarns, burn pools and slow flowing streams draining bogs

## FLOWERING

November - April

## FLOWER COLOURS

White

## FRUITING

November - April

## LIFE CYCLE

Minute seeds are wind dispersed (Thorsen et al., 2009).

## PROPAGATION TECHNIQUE

Difficult. Should not be removed from the wild.



Mt Ruapehu, January. Photographer: John Smith-Dodsworth



Turoa. Photographer: John Smith-Dodsworth

## ETYMOLOGY

**drosera:** Dewy

**arcturi:** Of Mount Arthur (in Tasmania)

## WHERE TO BUY

Not commercially available.

## REFERENCES AND FURTHER READING

Thorsen, M. J.; Dickinson, K. J. M.; Seddon, P. J. 2009. Seed dispersal systems in the New Zealand flora. *Perspectives in Plant Ecology, Evolution and Systematics* 11: 285-309

## MORE INFORMATION

<https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/drosera-arcturi/>