# **Epilobium elegans**

# **COMMON NAME**

willowherb

#### **FAMILY**

Onagraceae

# **AUTHORITY**

Epilobium elegans Petrie

# **FLORA CATEGORY**

Vascular - Native

# **ENDEMIC TAXON**

Yes

# **ENDEMIC GENUS**

#### **ENDEMIC FAMILY**

No

## STRUCTURAL CLASS

Herbs - Dicotyledons other than Composites

#### **NVS CODE**

**EPIELE** 

# **CURRENT CONSERVATION STATUS**

2017 Data Deficient

# **PREVIOUS CONSERVATION STATUSES**

2012 Data Deficient

2009 | Not Threatened

2004 | Not Threatened

# **BRIEF DESCRIPTION**

A little known species very similar to Epilobium tenuipes, characterised by small stature, with leaves and flowers that are larger than those found in E. tenuipes.

Endemic. New Zealand: South Island (Marlborough to Otago, east of the main divide).

### **HABITAT**

**DISTRIBUTION** 

Lowland to montane in short (Festuca, Poa and Rytidosperma) and tall (Chionochloa-dominated) grassland and tussockland. In open ground often amongst Raoulia mats. Also found within braided river beds.

# **DETAILED DESCRIPTION**

Perennial tufted herb. Stems simple to sparingly branched, slender 50–150 mm long, initially prostrate and rooting at nodes then ascending and becoming erect at tips; bifariously pubescent. Leaves opposite, crowded and overlapping in lower part, alternate within inflorescence portion of stem, sessile to subsessile; lamina 10-20 x 2-4 mm; light green, linear, narrow-elliptic to narrow-lanceolate, obtuse to subacute, membranous, glabrous, margins finely and obscurely denticulate or entire. Flowers erect, solitary or few, up to ± 8 mm diameter; sepals linear to very narrow-ovate; petals white, deeply lobed, ± 2× length of sepals. Capsules 20-30 mm long, reddish to pale brown, narrowed at apex, glabrous; pedicels elongated to 50 mm or more at maturity. Seeds smooth.





Island Saddle, Molesworth. Photographer: Jane Gosden, Date taken: 28/01/2018, Licence: CC BY-NC.



Island Saddle, Molesworth. Photographer: Jane Gosden, Date taken: 28/01/2018, Licence: CC BY-NC.

#### SIMILAR TAXA

Allied to <u>Epilobium tenuipes</u> from which it differs by its longer (10–20 mm cf. 5–10 mm in *E. tenuipes*), slightly broader (2–4 mm cf. 1–3 mm in *E. tenuipes*) leaves, larger flowers (up to 8 mm diameter in *E. elegans*, up to 4 mm diameter in *E. tenuipes*), glabrous rather glabrous to finely puberulent longer capsules (20–30 mm cf. 15–25 mm long in *E. tenuipes*) and consistently smooth rather smooth or minutely reticulate seeds.

## **FLOWERING**

October-March

#### **FRUITING**

December-May

#### LIFE CYCLE

Minute pappate seeds are wind dispersed (Thorsen et al., 2009).

# **PROPAGATION TECHNIQUE**

Easily grown from fresh seed and rooted pieces. Inclined to become weedy.

## **ETYMOLOGY**

**epilobium**: From the Greek epi- 'upon' and lobos 'a pod', the flowers appearing to be growing on the seed pod.

elegans: Elegant

# WHERE TO BUY

Not commercially available

# **TAXONOMIC NOTES**

Raven & Raven (1976) treat *Epilobium elegans* as part of the natural variation within their concept of *Epilobium alsinoides* subsp. *tenuipes* (Hook.f.) P.H.Raven et Engelhorn (which is treated here as a species—<u>E. tenuipes</u> <u>Hook.f.</u>). Species rank for *E. elegans* is preferred because this species is commonly found growing sympatrically with *E. tenuipes* from which it remains morphologically distinct. In this respect the species concepts of the late A.P. Druce are followed (Druce 1993).

# **ATTRIBUTION**

Fact sheet prepared for NZPCN by P.J. de Lange 1 September 2011. Description adapted from Allan (1961).

# **REFERENCES AND FURTHER READING**

Allan HH. 1961. Flora of New Zealand, Volume I. Indigenous Tracheophyta: Psilopsida, Lycopsida, Filicopsida, Gymnospermae, Dicotyledones. Government Printer, Wellington, NZ. 1085 p.

Druce AP. 1993. Indigenous vascular plants of New Zealand. Ninth Revision. Unpublished Checklist held at Landcare Research, Lincoln, New Zealand.

Raven PH, Raven TE. 1976. The genus *Epilobium* in Australasia. *New Zealand DSIR Bulletin 216*. Government Printer, Wellington, NZ. 321 p.

Thorsen MJ, Dickinson KJM, Seddon PJ. 2009. Seed dispersal systems in the New Zealand flora. *Perspectives in Plant Ecology, Evolution and Systematics* 11: 285–309. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ppees.2009.06.001">https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ppees.2009.06.001</a>.

# NZPCN FACT SHEET CITATION

Please cite as: de Lange, P.J. (Year at time of access): Epilobium elegans Fact Sheet (content continuously updated). New Zealand Plant Conservation Network. <a href="https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/epilobium-elegans/">https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/epilobium-elegans/</a> (Date website was queried)

# **MORE INFORMATION**

https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/epilobium-elegans/