Erigeron sumatrensis

COMMON NAME broad-leaved flea-bane

SYNONYMS Conyza albida (Willdenow), Conyza sumatrensis (Retz.) E.H.Walker

FAMILY Asteraceae

AUTHORITY Erigeron sumatrensis Retz.

FLORA CATEGORY Vascular – Exotic

STRUCTURAL CLASS Herbs - Dicotyledonous composites

NVS CODE CONSUM

CONSERVATION STATUS Not applicable

BRIEF DESCRIPTION

The plant has a branched hairy flower stalk 30 to 60 cm high, with leaves tapering to both ends (Hilgendorf 1926). The plant has numerous dingy cream heads 0.5 cm in diameter, with red-purple tinge.

WETLAND PLANT INDICATOR STATUS RATING

FACU: Facultative Upland Occasionally is a hydrophyte but usually occurs in uplands (nonwetlands).

SIMILAR TAXA

Erigeron bonariensis is easily distinguished from the other common weedy *Erigeron* spp. by its narrow leaves, usually twisted and with wavy or undulate margins and by its larger flower heads (capitula). <u>*E.*</u> *bilbaoanus* has its bracts around each capitulum (the involucral bracts) much less hairy than those of *E. bonariensis* and *E. sumatrensis*, the latter two being distinguished most readily by the twisted vs flat leaves.

FLOWER COLOURS White, Yellow

YEAR NATURALISED 1957

ORIGIN

Subtropical S. America. Also known in New Zealand as *Conyza albida* Spreng.

ETYMOLOGY

erigeron: From the Greek eri 'early' (or ear 'spring') and geron 'old', possibly alluding to the hairy seed pappus, or perhaps to the hoary appearance of the leaves of some species in the spring.

MORE INFORMATION

https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/erigeron-sumatrensis/





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Erigeron sumatrensis stem and leaves. Hutt River north of Stokes Valley, Lower Hutt. Photographer: Jeremy R. Rolfe, Date taken: 16/04/2006, Licence: CC BY.