# **Euchiton audax**

# **COMMON NAME**

creeping cudweed

# **SYNONYMS**

Gnaphalium audax D.G.Drury, Euchiton audax (D.G.Drury) Anderb. (nom. illegit.)

#### **FAMILY**

Asteraceae

#### **AUTHORITY**

Euchiton audax (D.G.Drury) Holub

# **FLORA CATEGORY**

Vascular - Native

# **ENDEMIC TAXON**

Yes

# **ENDEMIC GENUS**

No

### **ENDEMIC FAMILY**

No

#### STRUCTURAL CLASS

Herbs - Dicotyledonous composites

## **NVS CODE**

**EUCAUD** 

## **CHROMOSOME NUMBER**

2n = 28

# **CURRENT CONSERVATION STATUS**

2017 | Not Threatened

# **PREVIOUS CONSERVATION STATUSES**

2012 | Not Threatened

2009 | Not Threatened

2004 | Not Threatened

# **HABITAT**

Grassland, forest margins and clearings, coastal sites, scrubland, rock outcrops, riverbeds, pasture, waste places.

A species of lowland to subalpine elevations favouring dry short tussock grassland communities dominated by Poa cita or more commonly Festuca novae-zelandiae. This aster is also associated with other native and introduced grasses such as Rytidosperma clavatum. Anthoxanthum odoratum and Lachnagrostis sp. and is repeatedly found in grazed pastureland and turfy banks. As an opportunist plant it also frequents other dry open niches such as rock outcrops. scrub, riverbeds. tracks and cuttings. and occasionally turns up as a weed in crevices in paths and roads in urban areas. Plants are not common along the coasts and then restricted to cliff areas.

# WETLAND PLANT INDICATOR STATUS RATING

FACU: Facultative Upland

Occasionally is a hydrophyte but usually occurs in uplands (non-wetlands).





In scoria, Rangitoto Island. Photographer: Marley Ford, Date taken: 14/05/2022, Licence: CC BY.



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## **DETAILED DESCRIPTION**

Stoloniferous perennial; stems 1-few, usually ascending, sometimes erect, usually simple, rarely sparingly branched, (2)-5-20-(40) cm tall. Lvs usually mostly basal at flowering; basal lvs short-petiolate, densely white-tomentose on lower surface usually including mid-vein, usually moderately to densely, sometimes sparsely tomentose on upper, plane, narrow- to broad- obovate or oblanceolate, long-cuneate, usually obtuse, sometimes acute, shortly mucronate, (5)-15-40-(60) × (2)-5-12 mm; cauline lvs usually becoming much reduced upwards, often oblong, acute, finally apetiolate and broad-based. Capitula c. 1-2 mm diam., (5)-8-numerous in dense  $\pm$  globular terminal clusters, very rarely smaller axillary clusters below; longest subtending lvs 0.5-1.5× diam. of cluster. Involucral bracts elliptic to oblong-elliptic, obtuse to subacute, 3.5-4 mm long; stereome green, sometimes tinged reddish purple toward apex; lamina yellow to pale brown or orange; gap and margins usually tinged pinkish purple, sometimes clear. Achenes minutely papillate, c. 0.7 mm long.

#### **SIMILAR TAXA**

*E. audax* is very similar to *E. ruahinicus* but is distinguished by the broader, more often obtuse basal leaves, less leafy stems, shorter leaves subtending the terminal inflorescences, and generally paler bract lamina. See *E. ruahinicus* factsheet for more information. *E. japonicus* is also similar but differs by having bright green leaves that are sparsely hairy on the surface and have three nerves on the underside.

#### LIFE CYCLE

Pappate cypselae are dispersed by wind and water (Thorsen et al., 2009).

## **ETYMOLOGY**

**euchiton**: From the Greek eu (good) and chiton (tunic or covering)

audax: Bold

## **ATTRIBUTION**

Fact sheet prepared by Marley Ford (13 December 22). Brief description, Distribution, Habitat, Features, and Similar taxa sections copied from Drury (1972) & Webb et al. (1988).

# REFERENCES AND FURTHER READING

Drury, D. G. 1972. The cluster and solitary-headed cudweeds native to New Zealand: (Gnaphalium Section Euchiton-Compositae). *New Zealand journal of botany*, 10(1), 112-179.

Thorsen, M. J.; Dickinson, K. J. M.; Seddon, P. J. 2009. Seed dispersal systems in the New Zealand flora. Perspectives in Plant Ecology, Evolution and Systematics 11: 285-309.

Webb, C.J.; Sykes, W.R.; Garnock-Jones, P.J. 1988: Flora of New Zealand. Vol. IV. *Naturalised Pteridophytes, Gymnosperms, Dicotyledons*. Botany Division DSIR, Christchurch.

# **MORE INFORMATION**

https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/euchiton-audax/