

Helichrysum filicaule

COMMON NAME

creeping everlasting daisy, slender everlasting daisy

FAMILY

Asteraceae

AUTHORITY

Helichrysum filicaule Hook.f.

FLORA CATEGORY

Vascular – Native

ENDEMIC TAXON

Yes

ENDEMIC GENUS

No

ENDEMIC FAMILY

No

STRUCTURAL CLASS

Herbs - Dicotyledonous composites

NVS CODE

HELFIL

CHROMOSOME NUMBER

2n = 28

CURRENT CONSERVATION STATUS

2017 | Not Threatened

PREVIOUS CONSERVATION STATUSES

2012 | Not Threatened

2009 | Not Threatened

2004 | Not Threatened

WETLAND PLANT INDICATOR STATUS RATING

FACU: Facultative Upland

Occasionally is a hydrophyte but usually occurs in uplands (non-wetlands).

SIMILAR TAXA

In the field, it often grows with *Raoulia glabra* and hybrids then are not uncommon.

LIFE CYCLE

Pappate cypselate are wind dispersed (Thorsen et al., 2009).

ETYMOLOGY

helichrysum: From the Greek words helios 'sun' and chrysos 'gold', referring to the colour of the flowers of some species

filicaule: Slender-stemmed

REFERENCES AND FURTHER READING

Thorsen, M. J.; Dickinson, K. J. M.; Seddon, P. J. 2009. Seed dispersal systems in the New Zealand flora. Perspectives in Plant Ecology, Evolution and Systematics 11: 285-309

MORE INFORMATION

<https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/helichrysum-filicaule/>



Rangiwahia, Ruahines, March. Photographer: John Smith-Dodsworth, Licence: CC BY-NC.