

# Helichrysum plumeum

## SYNONYMS

*Helichrysum selago* var. *tomentosum* Cheeseman

## FAMILY

Asteraceae

## AUTHORITY

*Helichrysum plumeum* Allan

## FLORA CATEGORY

Vascular – Native

## ENDEMIC TAXON

Yes

## ENDEMIC GENUS

No

## ENDEMIC FAMILY

No

## STRUCTURAL CLASS

Trees & Shrubs - Dicotyledons

## NVS CODE

HELPLU

## CHROMOSOME NUMBER

2n = 28

## CURRENT CONSERVATION STATUS

2012 | At Risk – Naturally Uncommon | Qualifiers: RR, Sp

## PREVIOUS CONSERVATION STATUSES

2009 | At Risk – Naturally Uncommon

2004 | Range Restricted

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION

Low growing rounded shrub with leafless erect hairy stems tipped by yellow flowers inhabiting southern Canterbury mountains. Stems 2-4mm wide. Leaves scale-like, greenish but more or less covered in yellow or white fuzz, embedded in fuzz. Flowers yellow in a tight 3-6mm wide cluster at tip of stems.

## FLOWER COLOURS

Orange, Yellow

## LIFE CYCLE

Pappate achenes are dispersed by wind (Thorsen et al., 2009).

## ETYMOLOGY

**helichrysum:** From the Greek words helios 'sun' and chrysos 'gold', referring to the colour of the flowers of some species

## REFERENCES AND FURTHER READING

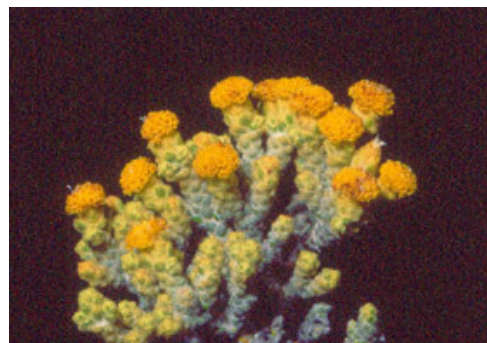
Thorsen, M. J.; Dickinson, K. J. M.; Seddon, P. J. 2009. Seed dispersal systems in the New Zealand flora. *Perspectives in Plant Ecology, Evolution and Systematics* 11: 285-309

## MORE INFORMATION

<https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/helichrysum-plumeum/>



Mt Dalgety. Photographer: John Smith-Dodsworth



At Mt Dalgety. January. Photographer: John Smith-Dodsworth