

Hormosira banksii

COMMON NAME

Neptune's necklace, sea grapes or bubbleweed

SYNONYMS

Fucus banksii Turner 1808; *Cystoseira banksii* (Turner) C.Agardh 1820

FAMILY

Hormosiraceae

AUTHORITY

Hormosira banksii (Turner) Decne.

FLORA CATEGORY

Non-vascular – Native

ENDEMIC TAXON

No

ENDEMIC GENUS

No

ENDEMIC FAMILY

No

NVS CODE

HORBAN

BRIEF DESCRIPTION

Species of brown algae characterised by strings of olive-brown hollow beads.

DISTRIBUTION

New Zealand and Australia (Lord Howe Island, New South Wales, Norfolk Island, Queensland, South Australia, Tasmania, Victoria, Western Australia).

HABITAT

Most commonly found in the littoral zone, exposed rock platforms or in rock pools between tide marks, where they receive plenty of light and enough sea water to avoid desiccation.

ETYMOLOGY

banksii: Named after Sir Joseph Banks, 1st Baronet, GCB, PRS (24 February 1743 - 19 June 1820) was an English naturalist, botanist and patron of the natural sciences.

References

Adams, N.M. (1997). Common seaweeds of New Zealand. pp. [1]-48, 48 pls. Christchurch: Canterbury University Press.

Osborn, J.E.M. 1948. The Structure and Life History of *Hormosira banksii* (Turner) Decaisne. Transactions of the Royal Society of New Zealand Vol. 77, Part 1: 47-71

[Algaebase - *Hormosira banksii* species page](#)

MORE INFORMATION

<https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/hormosira-banksii/>



Hormosira banksii. Photographer: Jeremy R. Rolfe, Date taken: 21/02/2006, Licence: CC BY.



Exposed on a rocky shore by the retreating tide, Southland. Photographer: Jesse Bythell, Date taken: 25/02/2023, Licence: CC BY-NC.