llex aquifolium

COMMON NAME holly

FAMILY Aquifoliaceae

AUTHORITY llex aquifolium L.

FLORA CATEGORY Vascular – Exotic

STRUCTURAL CLASS Trees & Shrubs - Dicotyledons

NVS CODE

CONSERVATION STATUS Not applicable

HABITAT Terrestrial.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

An evergreen much branched shrub or small tree to 12 m tall. Leaves (3-10cm long) alternate along the stem, and are dark glossy green above, paler below, with the characteristic undulating, thick, usually deeply serrate margins, with a spine at the point. Flowers occur as clusters, with 4 white petals (3-5mm long). Conspicuous bright red spherical berries develop in the winter.

FLOWERING October, November

FLOWER COLOURS White

LIFE CYCLE Perennial

YEAR NATURALISED

ORIGIN W., C., and S. Europe, W. Asia, N.W. Africa

REASON FOR INTRODUCTION Ornamental

ETYMOLOGY ilex: An old Latin name for the Holm oak, which holly allegedly resembles

POISONOUS PLANT Most parts of this plant are poisonous especially the scarlet red berries.

REFERENCES AND FURTHER READING

Johnson, A. T. and Smith, H. A (1986). Plant Names Simplified: Their pronunciation, derivation and meaning. Landsman Bookshop Ltd: Buckenhill, UK.





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MORE INFORMATION https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/ilex-aquifolium/