

Lemna aequinoctialis

COMMON NAMES

tropical duckweed

BIOSTATUS

Native

CURRENT CONSERVATION STATUS

2023 | Non-resident Native – Coloniser | Qualifiers: SO

[Jump to previous conservation statuses](#)

CATEGORY

Vascular

STRUCTURAL CLASS

Herbs - Dicotyledons other than Composites

SIMPLIFIED DESCRIPTION

Tiny, surface floating aquatic plant with bright green plate-like leaves (3 × 2 mm) that have a pale underside and one root per leaf.

FLOWER COLOURS

Green

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Platelets usually with bright green uppersides, paler undersides and one root per platelet. A characteristic of this species is the single root that arises from a winged sheath.

SIMILAR TAXA

The native *Lemna disperma* is very similar but the root does not arise from a winged sheath. *Landoltia* has two or more roots arising from each platelet. Watermeal (*Wolffia australiana*) is much smaller and lacking roots. *Azolla* is an aquatic fern and has scale like leaves that overlap.

DISTRIBUTION

Only collected once from Auckland Zoo.

HABITAT

Clear, still fertile water including, troughs, dams, drains and backwaters.

GENUS

Lemna

FAMILY

Araceae

AUTHORITY

Lemna aequinoctialis Welw.

ENDEMIC GENUS

No

ENDEMIC FAMILY

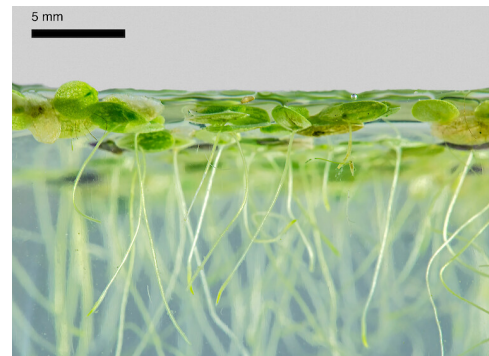
No

FLOWERING

Unknown

FRUITING

Unknown



Matukureia Swamp, Auckland (from material collected by Peter de Lange). Photographer: Jeremy R. Rolfe, Date taken: 02/02/2014, Licence: CC BY.



Root and underside of frond. Matukureia Swamp, Auckland (from material collected by Peter de Lange). Photographer: Jeremy R. Rolfe, Date taken: 02/02/2014, Licence: CC BY.

YEAR NATURALISED

2010

ORIGIN

Throughout the warmer parts of the world, including northern Australia

REASON FOR INTRODUCTION

Probably a contaminant of imported plants or animals.

CONTROL TECHNIQUES

Difficult to control once established.

LIFE CYCLE AND DISPERSAL

These tiny plants are readily spread by waterfowl.

PREVIOUS CONSERVATION STATUS

2017 | Non-resident Native – Coloniser | Qualifiers: SO

[Jump to current conservation status](#)

REGIONAL CONSERVATION STATUSES

Auckland: 2025 | Regionally Data Deficient | Qualifiers: DPR, SO Help

The regional threat classification system leverages off the national assessments in the NZTCS, providing information relevant for the regional context. Auckland conservation status information is sourced from the "[Conservation status of vascular plant species in Tāmaki Makaurau / Auckland](#)" Simpkins E et al. (2025) report.

REFERENCES AND FURTHER READING

Crawford DJ, Landolt E, Les DH, Kimball RT. 2001. Allozyme studies in Lemnaceae. *Taxon* 50(4): 987–999.
<https://doi.org/10.2307/1224716>.

ATTRIBUTION

Factsheet prepared by Paul Champion and Deborah Hofstra (NIWA).

MORE INFORMATION

<https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/lemna-aequinoctialis/>

PDF DATE

25 May 2026