Leptinella pyrethrifolia var. pyrethrifolia

COMMON NAME button daisy

SYNONYMS Cotula pyrethrifolia Hook.f., C. pyrethrifolia Hook.f. var. pyrethrifolia

FAMILY Asteraceae

AUTHORITY Leptinella pyrethrifolia (Hook.f.) D.G.Lloyd et C.J.Webb var. pyrethrifolia

FLORA CATEGORY Vascular - Native

ENDEMIC TAXON Yes

ENDEMIC GENUS No

ENDEMIC FAMILY No

STRUCTURAL CLASS Herbs - Dicotyledonous composites

NVS CODE LEPPVP

CHROMOSOME NUMBER 2n = 156, 208

CURRENT CONSERVATION STATUS 2017 | Not Threatened

PREVIOUS CONSERVATION STATUSES

2012 Not Threatened 2009 | Not Threatened 2004 | Not Threatened

DISTRIBUTION

Endemic. North Island from Ruahine Ranges south. South Island from Marlborough and Nelson to southern Canterbury.

HABITAT

Subalpine to alpine (600-2000 m a.s.l.), usually along stream and river banks, at the base of talus and scree slopes, or on rocky ridges, or near and growing on rock outcrops.





Mt Hutt, December. Photographer: John Smith-Dodsworth, Licence: CC BY-NC.



Cultivated plant. Photographer: John Barkla, Licence: CC BY.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Gynodioecious creeping perennial herb forming circular patches up to 1 m wide. Rhizomes on soil surface or intertangled and lying on older, decaying rhizomes, stout, somewhat fleshy 1-3 mm diameter, dark green to purplered, sparsely pilose hairy, becoming woody and glabrous with age; branches usually clustered with up to 6 radiating from around a flowering node; leaves clustered at apex, sometimes with older leaves up to 30 mm apart. Roots extensive, stout, up to 200 x 1 mm. Leaves 1-pinnatifid, 5-40 x 3-10 mm; blade 4-15 mm long, elliptic, obovate to broadly obovate coriaceous, fleshy, dark green, glabrous midrib not raised on ventral surface; pinnae 1-4 pairs up to 5 mm long, distant, obovate, obtuse; teeth 0(-1) on either side of larger pinnae, cut 1/3-1/2 across pinna, triangular. peduncles longer than leaves, 20-120 mm, dark green to purple-green, with 1-8 evenly spaced, small linear bracts, rarely ebracteate, sparsely pilose. Capitula fragrant, pistillate, staminate or bisexual (on different plants). Pistillate capitula 5-15 mm diameter, surface flat or slightly convex; involucre hemisperhical; involucral bracts 20-110, subequally 2- or more seriate, fleshy, oblong, dark green, with a single dark vein evident, glabrous, with wide brown scarious margins; florets 50-200, 2.75-4 mm long, straight, white, cream or lemon-yellow; corolla 2-4 times as long as wide, dentition equal. Staminate capitula 5-18 mm diameter, surface convex; involucre spreading or flat; involucral bracts 10-60; florets 40-300, occasionally with a dark stripe down the broader part of the corolla. Bisexual capitula intermediate, numbers of pistillate and pistillate florest varying from plant to plant. Cypsela 2.3 x 1 mm, golden-brown, compressed, biconvex, slightly wrinkled.

SIMILAR TAXA

Allied to *L. pectinata* (Hook.f.) D.G.LLoyd et C.J.Webb with which it is perhaps most similar to subsp. *willcoxii* (Cheeseman) D.G.Lloyd et C.J.Webb from which it differs by its ecology, overall larger stature, broader, wider leaves, and usually white to cream (sometimes lemon-yellow) capitula. *L. pyrethrifolia* var. *pyrethrifolia* is cytologically distinct having 2n = 156, 208 rather than 2n = 52, 104 found in *L. pectinata*. *Leptinella pyrethrifolia* var. *linearifolia* (Cheeseman) D.G.Lloyd et C.J.Webb is easily distinguished from var. pyrethrifolia, it has linear leaves (rarely with an apical lobing), dark brown seeds, and is confined to ultramafic substrates in the Red Hills, upper Wairau Valley.

FLOWERING

November - February

FLOWER COLOURS Cream, White

FRUITING December - April

PROPAGATION TECHNIQUE

Easy from rooted pieces, like full sun with a damp root run. Excellent in a pot. The large white, cream or pale yellow, sweetly scented capitula are very attractive.

ETYMOLOGY

leptinella: From the Greek word leptos (meaning slender, thin or delicate), referring to the ovary **pyrethrifolia**: Pyrethrum-leaved

ATTRIBUTION

Fact sheet prepared for NZPCN by P.J. de Lange (31 August 2006). Description from Lloyd (1972) - as *Cotula pyrethrifolia* var. *pyrethrifolia*.

REFERENCES AND FURTHER READING

Lloyd, D.G. 1972: A revision of the New Zealand, Subantarctic, and South American species of *Cotula*, section *Leptinella*. *New Zealand Journal of Botany 10*: 277-372.

NZPCN FACT SHEET CITATION

Please cite as: de Lange, P.J. (Year at time of access): Leptinella pyrethrifolia var. pyrethrifolia Fact Sheet (content continuously updated). New Zealand Plant Conservation Network. https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/leptinella-pyrethrifolia-var-pyrethrifolia/ (Date website was queried)

MORE INFORMATION

https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/leptinella-pyrethrifolia-var-pyrethrifolia/