# Myosotis laxa subsp. caespitosa

COMMON NAME water forget-me-not

SYNONYMS Myosotis caespitosa CF Schultz

**FAMILY** Boraginaceae

AUTHORITY Mysotis laxa Lehm. subsp. caespitosa (CF Schultz)

FLORA CATEGORY Vascular – Exotic

**STRUCTURAL CLASS** Herbs - Dicotyledons other than Composites

NVS CODE MYOLSC

**CONSERVATION STATUS** Not applicable

## **BRIEF DESCRIPTION**

Low growing herb on wet ground and damp hollows. Leaves are pale green, stems often bend at the base and leaves are willow like. The flowers are small, pale blue with a yellow center.

**DISTRIBUTION** Widespread and very common throughout New Zealand.

#### HABITAT

Margins of ponds and streams and wet hollows, growing submerged in clear fast-flowing streams.

# WETLAND PLANT INDICATOR STATUS RATING

OBL: Obligate Wetland Almost always is a hydrophyte, rarely in uplands (non-wetlands).

## **DETAILED DESCRIPTION**

Plants are annual or biennial and 20 to 40 cm tall. Stems are decumbent or ascending. Leaves are narrow, alternate and attached directly to the stem and have pointed or rounded tips with a prominent mid-vein. Leaves usually 30 to 60 mm long, pale green with sparse appressed hairs. Flowers are 2 to 4mm wide, pale blue (with yellow centre). Pedicels at fruiting 2 to 3 times as long as calyx. Nutlets (4) are dark brown.

SIMILAR TAXA M. scorpioides is similar, but has larger floweres and small calyx lobes.

FLOWERING September to May

FLOWER COLOURS Blue, Yellow

FRUITING Summer to autumn





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## LIFE CYCLE

Mainly seed dispersal by water movement and animals contaminated with hooked persistent calyx surrounding seed.

YEAR NATURALISED

# 1892

#### ORIGIN

Temperate Eurasia, East to Himalaya

# **REASON FOR INTRODUCTION**

Ornamental pond and garden plant

## **CONTROL TECHNIQUES**

Can be controlled manually, mechanically or herbicidally depending on situation.

#### **ETYMOLOGY**

**myosotis**: Mouse-eared **laxa**: Slack, loose **caespitosa**: From the Latin caespes 'tuft' or 'sod of turf', meaning growing in tufts or patches

#### **ATTRIBUTION**

Factsheet prepared by Paul Champion and Deborah Hofstra (NIWA).

# **REFERENCES AND FURTHER READING**

Johnson PN, Brooke PA (1989). Wetland plants in New Zealand. DSIR Field Guide, DSIR Publishing, Wellington. 319pp.

Popay et al (2010). An illustrated guide to common weeds of New Zealand, third edition. NZ Plant Protection Society Inc, 416pp.

WSDE (2001). An aquatic plant identification manual for Washington's freshwater plants. Washington State Department of Ecology, 195pp.

#### **MORE INFORMATION**

https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/myosotis-laxa-subsp-caespitosa/