# **Nasturtium microphyllum**

# **COMMON NAME**

one-rowed watercress

### **SYNONYMS**

Rorippa microphylla (Boenn.) N. Hylander

#### **FAMILY**

Brassicaceae

### **AUTHORITY**

Nasturtium microphyllum Boenn. ex Rchb.

# **FLORA CATEGORY**

Vascular - Exotic

### STRUCTURAL CLASS

Herbs - Dicotyledons other than Composites

### **NVS CODE**

**NASMIC** 

### **CONSERVATION STATUS**

Not applicable

### **BRIEF DESCRIPTION**

A bright green, robust, creeping or upright herb that has small white flowers in spring through summer, and is found along the margins of slow flowing shallow waters. Leaves have a distinctive peppery smell when crushed.

# **DISTRIBUTION**

Common throughout New Zealand.

### **HABITAT**

Margins of slow moving rivers, streams, ditches and drains.

# WETLAND PLANT INDICATOR STATUS RATING

**OBL: Obligate Wetland** 

Almost always is a hydrophyte, rarely in uplands (non-wetlands).

### **DETAILED DESCRIPTION**

Perennial stoloniferous herb. Stems trailing, glabrous, to several m long. Leaves glabrous, all similar, but becoming smaller near inflorescence. Pinnate, petiolate,  $2-10-(25) \times 1-5 \text{ cm}$ ; basal auricles very small; leaflets rounded, ovate; margins entire or sinuate. Pedicels glabrous, slender, erecto-patent, spreading to deflexed at fruiting, (8)-12-20-(30) mm long. Sepals  $2.5-3.5 \times 1 \text{ mm}$ . Petals white, (4)-5-6 x 1.5-2.5 mm. Silique glabrous, narrow-oblong to linear, curved, (10)-15-25-(30) x c.1.5 mm; valves with distinct midrib, at least below; style c. 1 mm long. Seeds in  $\pm$  1 row per locule, brown, c. 1mm long, coarsely reticulate with 100-150 polygonal depressions per face.

# SIMILAR TAXA

Very similar to N. officinale, but the flowers of N. microphyllum are larger, capsules are longer and more slender, and the seeds are in one row and with more finely pitted surfaces. The leaves of N. microphyllum turn brown/purple in autumn/winter.

# **FLOWERING**

August - June

# **FLOWER COLOURS**

White

# **FRUITING**

Summer-autumn



### LIFE CYCLE

Stem fragmentation and seed.

# YEAR NATURALISED

1954

# **ORIGIN**

Europe

### **REASON FOR INTRODUCTION**

Culinary herb.

# **ETYMOLOGY**

microphyllum: Small leaf

# **ATTRIBUTION**

Factsheet prepared by Paul Champion and Deborah Hofstra (NIWA). Features description from Webb et al. (1988).

# REFERENCES AND FURTHER READING

Popay et al (2010). An illustrated guide to common weeds of New Zealand, third edition. NZ Plant Protection Society Inc, 416pp.

Johnson PN, Brooke PA (1989). Wetland plants in New Zealand. DSIR Field Guide, DSIR Publishing, Wellington. 319pp.

Aston, H (1977). Aquatic plants of Australia. Melbourne University Press, 367pp.

Webb, C.J.; Sykes, W.R.; Garnock-Jones, P.J. (1988). Flora of New Zealand Volume 4: Naturalised pteridophytes, gymnosperms, dicotyledons. Botany Division, DSIR, Christchurch. 1365 pp.

# **MORE INFORMATION**

https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/nasturtium-microphyllum/