Persicaria strigosa

SYNONYMS

Polygonum strigosum R.Br.

FAMILY Polygonaceae

AUTHORITY Persicaria strigosa (R.Br.) H. Gross

FLORA CATEGORY Vascular – Exotic

STRUCTURAL CLASS Herbs - Dicotyledons other than Composites

NVS CODE POLSTR

CONSERVATION STATUS

Not applicable

BRIEF DESCRIPTION

Prickly scrambling herb, either forming dense patches or scrambling through other vegetation, leaves mostly triangular in outline with backward pointing lobes, small (2 to 3 mm long) pink flowers in open branched flowerheads at the top of stem.

DISTRIBUTION

Northland to northern Waikato.

HABITAT Swamp and water body margins.

WETLAND PLANT INDICATOR STATUS RATING

FACW: Facultative Wetland Usually is a hydrophyte but occasionally found in uplands (non-wetlands).

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Annual herb; stems to > 50 cm long, lax or sprawling, with numerous deflexed scabrid bristles to c. 1 mm long; roots slender. Lvs ± similar; petiole to 1 cm long, filiform, scabrid. Lamina 3-7 × 0.5-1.2 cm, linear-lanceolate; midrib below with scattered bristles; margin ciliolate, entire; base ± hastate or sagittate; apex obtuse or subacute. Ochreae usually 1-1.5 cm long, glabrous, soon brown and papery; apex truncate. Racemes terminal or in axils of upper lvs, to 12 cm long, very slender; fls few, distant. Peduncles dichotomous, conspicuously glandular-hairy, > lvs; pedicels very short, hidden by sheathing, glabrous or glabrate bracts until after anthesis. Perianth 2-3 mm long, accrescent, pink; segments ± broadly ovate-elliptic, imbricate and remaining almost closed, eglandular. Nut 2-2.5 mm long (including short beak), broad-ovoid or ellipsoid, brown, shining.





Persicaria strigosa - Whangamarino Wetland, Waikato. Photographer: Mike Wilcox, Date taken: 28/02/2010, Licence: All rights reserved.



Persicaria strigosa - Whangamarino Wetland, Waikato. Photographer: Mike Wilcox, Date taken: 28/02/2010, Licence: All rights reserved.

SIMILAR TAXA

Unlike any other willow weed, with prickly stems and leaves and the sprawling growth habit.

FLOWERING January to February

FLOWER COLOURS Red/Pink, White

FRUITING

Autumn

LIFE CYCLE

Seed dispersed by water, animals or contaminated machinery.

YEAR NATURALISED

1976

ORIGIN Eastern Australia

REASON FOR INTRODUCTION

Unknown, seed or soil contaminant.

CONTROL TECHNIQUES

Not controlled in New Zealand.

ETYMOLOGY

persicaria: Medieval name referring to the likeness of the leaves to a peach tree

ATTRIBUTION

Prepared by Paul Champion and Deborah Hofstra (NIWA). Features description from Webb et al. (1988).

REFERENCES AND FURTHER READING

Johnson PN, Brooke PA (1989). Wetland plants in New Zealand. DSIR Field Guide, DSIR Publishing, Wellington. 319pp.

Webb, C.J.; Sykes, W.R.; Garnock-Jones, P.J. (1988). Flora of New Zealand Volume 4: Naturalised pteridophytes, gymnosperms, dicotyledons. Botany Division, DSIR, Christchurch.

MORE INFORMATION

https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/persicaria-strigosa/