

Pilularia novae-hollandiae

COMMON NAME

pillwort

SYNONYMS

Calamistrum novae-zelandiae (Kirk) Kuntze; *Pilularia novae-zelandiae* Kirk; *Calamistrum novae-hollandiae* (A.Braun) Kuntze;

FAMILY

Marsileaceae

AUTHORITY

Pilularia novae-hollandiae A.Braun

FLORA CATEGORY

Vascular – Native

ENDEMIC TAXON

No

ENDEMIC GENUS

No

ENDEMIC FAMILY

No

STRUCTURAL CLASS

Ferns

NVS CODE

PILNOV

CHROMOSOME NUMBER

2 n = c.40

CURRENT CONSERVATION STATUS

2017 | Not Threatened | Qualifiers: SO

PREVIOUS CONSERVATION STATUSES

2012 | Not Threatened

2009 | At Risk – Naturally Uncommon | Qualifiers: SP

2004 | Not Threatened

DISTRIBUTION

Indigenous. New Zealand: North Island (Lake Whangape), South Island lakes and tarns. Also Australia (Victoria, South Australia, New South Wales and Western Australia).

HABITAT

An aquatic or semi-aquatic plant found in mud or silt of shallow rivers and on the seasonally inundated margins of streams and rivers. Often found among grasses and sedges in damp mud, bogs and swamps.

WETLAND PLANT INDICATOR STATUS RATING

OBL: Obligate Wetland

Almost always is a hydrophyte, rarely in uplands (non-wetlands).

FLOWER COLOURS

No flowers

MORE INFORMATION

<https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/pilularia-novae-hollandiae/>



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