Rhaphiolepis bibas

COMMON NAME

loquat

SYNONYMS

Eriobotrya japonica (Thunb.) Lindl.

FAMILY

Rosaceae

AUTHORITY

Rhaphiolepis bibas (Lour.) Galasso & Banfi

FLORA CATEGORY

Vascular - Exotic

STRUCTURAL CLASS

Trees & Shrubs - Dicotyledons

NVS CODE

ERIJAP

CONSERVATION STATUS

Not applicable

HABITAT

Terrestrial.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Tree up to 8m high when mature; trunk well developed; primary stems erect; secondary stems spreading; young stems stout, white-tomentose; older stems with prominent leaf scars, becoming greyish-brown and transversely calloused. Leaves near branch tips; petiole about 15mm long, stout; blade oblanceolate to narrowly elliptic, 150~350 x 75~100mm, acute, tapering to cuneate or slightly auriculate base, very coriaceous, generally rugose, dark green and glossy above, thinly grey- or browntomentose below (very young leaves completely brown-tomentose), serrate at least in upper half; stipules long-triangular, generally attenuate, pilose. Infl. of many flowers; pedicels 5~8mm long, brownish tomentose. Sepals fused for most of length; lobes 2~4mm long, brown-tomentose. Petals white or ivory, oblong, around 7~8 x 3~4mm, shallowly emarginate. Fruit pyriform to broadly ellipsoid-oblong or subglobose, up to 50 x 35mm; skin yellow, around tomentose; flesh sweet. (- Webb et.al., 1988)





Eriobotrya japonica. Photographer: Richard Hursthouse, Licence: CC BY.



Eriobotrya japonica. Photographer: Richard Hursthouse, Licence: CC BY.

SIMILAR TAXA

Tree up to 8m high, leaves near branch tips. stout leaes, oval and up to 400 mm long, crinkled and dark, glossy green above with a thin grey to brown mat of soft hairs below. Flowers April-August-November. Edible fruits 50x 35 mm, hairy, yellow, drop-oval shaped, October-December.

FLOWERING

April, May June, July, August, September, October, November.

FLOWER COLOURS

White

FRUITING

October-December.

LIFE CYCLE

Perennial. Loquat is known to be eaten by pigeons and may be spread into light forest by this vector.

YEAR NATURALISED

1982

ORIGIN

China, Japan

REASON FOR INTRODUCTION

Agricultural

MORE INFORMATION

https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/rhaphiolepis-bibas/