Sticta sublimbata

SYNONYMS

Stictina weigelii var. sublimbata

FAMILY Lobariaceae

AUTHORITY Sticta sublimbata (J.Steiner) Swinscow & Krog

FLORA CATEGORY Lichen – Native

ENDEMIC TAXON No

ENDEMIC GENUS No

ENDEMIC FAMILY No

STRUCTURAL CLASS Lichens - Foliose

CURRENT CONSERVATION STATUS

2018 At Risk - Naturally Uncommon Qualifiers: DP, SO, Sp

BRIEF DESCRIPTION

Characterised by the corticolous/muscicolous habit; a white medulla, a cyanobacterial photobiont, and rather thick, wrinkled-undulate, coriaceous lobes that are slightly glossy in parts and reminiscent of species of Peltigera. It has distinctive linear soralia with grey-brown, granular soredia derived from minute, granular-coralloid isidia, and a thick, dark-brown to black, shaggy tomentum on the lower surface, with scattered, white cyphellae deeply sunk in the tomentum.

DISTRIBUTION

North Island: South Auckland (Mangaotaki River, Pio Pio), Wellington (Tongariro National Park). **South Island**: Canterbury (Lewis Pass, Nina Valley, Dog Stream, Hanmer). Still rather poorly collected and understood in New Zealand.

Also in southern South America, East and South Africa, Australia, and Panama.

HABITAT

Among moss on riverine shrubs in deep shade.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Thallus loosely attached, ± orbicular to irregular, 2-8 cm diam., corticolous. **Lobes** rounded, 3-10 mm wide, undulate, ± imbricate centrally, margins free, thickened, crisped, ± ascending, entire or with eroding, linear soralia on lower surface. **Upper surface** dark grey-blue or blackish, minutely white-maculate (×10 lens) or with irregular white or brownish, algal-free patches, greyish brown when dry, matt, shining, rather coriaceous. Soredia bluish-grey, coarse, granular, in linear soralia often eroding back from margins of lower surface. Medulla white. Photobiont blue-green. **Lower surface** pale brown at margins, dark brown or black towards centre, ± uniformly thick-tomentose to margins. Cyphellae conspicuous but rather few, scattered, round to irregular, sunk in tomentum, 0.1-2.0 mm diam., white, with a conspicuous, pale, raised rim. **Apothecia** not seen.





Exposed form. Photographer: Marley Ford, Licence: CC BY-NC.



Coriaceous lobes. Photographer: Marley Ford, Licence: CC BY-NC.

SIMILAR TAXA

It is distinguished from *Sticta limbata* by its thicker, more coriaceous, rather variable lobes, which are never broadly monophyllous, in having sorediate isidia instead of primary soralia and the lack of laminal soredia.

SUBSTRATE Moss, trees

ETYMOLOGY sticta: spotted, dappled

ATTRIBUTION

Fact sheet prepared by Marley Ford (3 March 2021). Brief description, Distribution, Habitat and Features sections copied from Galloway (1985) & Galloway (2007).

REFERENCES AND FURTHER READING

Galloway D.J. 1985: *Flora of New Zealand: Lichens.* Wellington, PD Hasselberg, Government Printer. 662 pp. Galloway D.J. 2007: *Flora of New Zealand: Lichens, including lichen-forming and lichenicolous fungi.* 2nd edition. Lincoln, Manaaki Whenua Press. 2261 pp.

MORE INFORMATION

https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/sticta-sublimbata/