# **Trisetum lepidum**

SYNONYMS None

None

**FAMILY** Poaceae

AUTHORITY Trisetum lepidum Edgar et A.P.Druce

FLORA CATEGORY Vascular – Native

ENDEMIC TAXON Yes

ENDEMIC GENUS No

ENDEMIC FAMILY No

STRUCTURAL CLASS Grasses

NVS CODE TRILEP

CHROMOSOME NUMBER 2n = 28

CURRENT CONSERVATION STATUS 2017 | Not Threatened

### **PREVIOUS CONSERVATION STATUSES**

2012 | Not Threatened 2009 | Not Threatened 2004 | Not Threatened

### DISTRIBUTION

.Endemic. North, South and Stewart Islands, from Mt Pirongia and Hikurangi south. Also on the Chatham Islands

### HABITAT

In open forest (often *Fuscospora*), scrub or tussock grassland. Also along river, stream and lake margins, showing a distinct preference for calcareous rocks, or base-rich rock faces.

### MANAAKI WHENUA ONLINE INTERACTIVE KEY Key to the grasses of New Zealand

## **PROPAGATION TECHNIQUE**

Easy from fresh seed and rooted pieces. An attractive and easily grown grass. Does best in damp ground in a cool, shaded spot.

## ETYMOLOGY

trisetum: Three-bristled lepidum: Elegant





Leaf base. Atiwhakatu Stream, Tararua Range. Photographer: Jeremy R. Rolfe, Date taken: 02/02/2008, Licence: CC BY.



Ligule. Atiwhakatu Stream, Tararua Range. Photographer: Jeremy R. Rolfe, Date taken: 02/02/2008, Licence: CC BY.

WHERE TO BUY Not commercially available.

**TAXANOMIC NOTES** May hybridise with <u>*T. tenellum* (Petrie) A.W.Hill</u> and <u>*T. youngii* Hook.f.</u>

MORE INFORMATION https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/trisetum-lepidum/