LIST OF VASCULAR PLANTS IN KARAKA BUSH BETWEEN WESTERN LAKE ROAD AND THE LAKE Map Ref. Topomap S27 903889 Alt 16-23 m

Extracted from original list by A.P. Druce *Indigenous Vascular Plants of "WildernessBush" and "Karaka Bush" near Waiorongomai, Eastern foot of Rimutaka Range (List #. 141)* unc = uncommon

n = species added to list on subsequent visits

o = species not seen on current survey

This site is an 8.3 hectare block of bush and surrounding treeland on Waiorongomai Station just off the Western Lake Road It has been fenced for over 50years (owners comment). Karaka (*Corynocarpus laevigatus*) and titoki (*Alectryon excelsus*) are the main component of the canopy with scattered hinau (*Eleaocarpus dentatus*), rewarewa (*Knightia excelsa*) and matai (*Prumnopitys taxifolia*). The greatest variation in the tree species is found on the western boundary mainly outside the fence. Here there is ribbonwood (*Plagianthus regius*), kowhai (*Sophora microphylla*), matai and solitary specimens of black maire (*Nestegis cunninghamii*) and ramarama (*Lophomyrtus bullata*).

A lot of the understory is open with scattered fern species and a little regeneration in the lightwells. In places however there are thickets of kawakawa (Macropiper excelsusm), coprosma species and regenerating mahoe (Melicytus ramiflorus) and red mapou (Myrsine australis). These areas tend to be in better lit parts of the bush particularly along the northern margin. There are some parts of the bush that must get or retain moisture better than others and these are charachterised by the prescence of the ferns Pteris macilanta and Asplenium bulbiferum. Wind erosion was noticeable on the northern side of the bush with almost bare areas of gravel and only patches of waxweed (Hydrocotyle heteromeria) and Schiezelema trifoliolatum gaining a hold. The epiphytes were evident only where the light was sufficent to allow growth and hence most were growing on trees out side the fenced area. The orchid Earina mucronata was particularly evident on an old ribonwood just outside the fence on the lake side on the bush. The scattered kanuka (Kunzea ericoides) trees had the odd one with the small mistletoe Korthosella salicornioides growing on it. This species is considering rare in most parts of the country but it is common in the area around Lake Wairarapa. It does not infect all the manuka (Leptospermum scoparium) and kanuka, but seems to be selective. A lot of the host trees look less healthy than their non infected neighbours but whether this is because of the mistletoe or the mistletoe selects the less healthy trees is debateable.

Comparing the list of plants between the two surveys (the original one was done in 1974) it appears there is little change. The species not seen on the current visit may have been missed due to very low numbers or there may have been some drying out of the area causing their demise. By the same token a number of the "new" species are single occurences e.g. ramarama and the perching orchid *Drymoanthus adversus*. Other species are recent recruits into the area as witnessed by the age of the specimens e.g. kohuhu (*Pittosporum tenuifolium*), turepo (*Streblus heterophyllus*) and mamaku (*Cyathea medullaris*). There also seems to have been some recruitment of herbaceous species.

Apart from exotic grasses invading from the surrounding pasture there are very few adventive species and no real weed problem at all.

There were some pest traps seen (maybe for possums) but at the time of the visit there was a thriving rabbit population resident in the bush.

Gymnosperm trees and shrubs o Dacrycarpus dacrydioides (unc) Prumnopitys taxifolia Dicotyledonous trees and shrubs Alectryon excelsus subsp. excelsus o Aristotelia serrata Beilschmiedia tawa Coprosma areolata Coprosma crassifolia Coprosma grandifolia Coprosma propinqua subsp. propinqua Coprosma rhamnoides Coprosma propinqua x C. robusta Coprosma robusta Corynocarpus laevigatus Elaeocarpus dentatus Griselinia lucida

Knightia excelsa n Korthosella salicornioides (on kanuka) Kunzea ericoides

Hedycarya arborea

- n Lophomyrtus bullata (unc) Macropiper excelsum subsp. excelsum Melicytus ramiflorus Myoporum laetum Myrsine australis
- o Myrsine salicina (unc) Nestegis cunninghamii (unc) Pennantia corymbosa
- n Pittosporum tenuifolium (unc young plant) Plagianthus regius
- o Pseudopanax arboreus (unc)

finger

Solanum aviculare Sophora microphylla Streblus heterophyllus (unc young plants) milktree

Monocotyledonous trees and shrubs Cordyline australis Rhopalostylis sapida

Monocotyledonous lianes

- o Freycinetia banksii (unc)
- n Ripogonum scandens

Dicotyledonous lianes and related trailing plants

n Calystegia tuguriorum

kahikatea matai

titoki makomako, wineberry tawa

raurekau mingimingi

karamu karaka hinau puka, broadleaf porokaiwhiri, pigeonwood rewarewa mistletoe kanuka ramarama kawakawa mahoe ngaio red matipo toro back maire kaikomako kohuhu manatu, ribbonwood whauwhaupaku, five

poroporo kowhai turepo, small leaved

ti, cabbage tree nikau

kiekie supplejack

native bindweed

Metrosideros diffusa Metrosideros perforata Muehlenbeckia australis

- n Muehlenbeckia complexa Parsonsia capsularis Parsonsia heterophylla
- n Passiflora tetrandra Rubus schmidelioides s.s.

Psilopsids, Lycopods and Quillworts

Ferns

Arthropteris tenella
Asplenium bulbiferum
Asplenium flabellifolium (unc)
Asplenium flaccidum
Asplenium hookerianum
Asplenium oblongifolium
Asplenium polyodon (unc)
n Asplenium bulbiferum x A. flaccidum (unc)
Blechnum filiforme
Cyathea dealbata
n Cyathea medullaris (unc young plants)
Hypolepis ambigua
Lastreopsis glabella
n Lastreopsis microsora
n Microsorum pustulatum

n Microsorum scandens (unc) Pellaea rotundifolia Polystichum richardii Pteris macilenta (unc) Pteris tremula Pyrrosia eleagnifolia

Orchids

- n Drymoanthus adversus (unc)
- n Earina autumnalis (unc) Earina mucronata

<u>Grasses</u>

Microlaena stipoides

Sedges

- n Carex breviculmis (unc)
- o Carex flagellifera
- n Carex solandri
- n Carex testacea (unc) Uncinia uncinata

akatea pohuehue pohuehue kaiwhiria kaihua, N.Z. jasmine passionvine tataramoa, bush lawyer

jointed fern manamana, hen and chicken fern necklace fern makawa o rautuatauri, hanging spleenwort

huruhuruwhenua, shining spleenwort petako, sickle spleenwort

thread fern ponga, silver fern mamaku

mokimoki tarawera, button fern pikopiko sweet fern turawera, shaking brake ota, leather-leaf fern

peka-a-weka

patiti, meadow rice grass

watu, hook grass

Rushes and allied plants

n Juncus edgariae

Remaining Monocotyledonous plants

Arthropodium candidum

repehina-papa, small rengarenga

n Collospermum hastatum

Daisy-like herbs (Composites)

Dicotyledonous herbs other than Composites

- o Cardamine sp. (C. debilis agg.) ("Narrow Petal" of Pritchard 1957) panapana Dichondra repens
- n Galium propinquum
- n Geranium microphyllum (unc)
- n Haloragis erecta subsp. erecta Hydrocotyle heteromeria
- n Hydrocotyle moschata (unc)
- n Oxalis exilis Schizeilema trifoliolatum
- n Stellaria decipiens (unc)

Adventives.

Grasses

Agrostis capillaris Critesion murinum subsp. murinum Dactylis glomerata Lolium perenne Poa annua Rytidosperma racemosum

Daisy-like herbs (Composites)

Cirsium arvense Cirsium vulgare Crepis capillaris Mycelis muralis Senecio jacobea Sonchus oleraceus

Dicotyledonous herbs other than Composites

Cerastium fontanum Galium aparine Geranium molle Plantago lanceolata Polycarpon tetraphyllum Polygonum persicaria Prunella vulgaris Ranunculus repens Solanum nigrum

- browntop barley grass cocksfoot perrenial ryegrass annual poa
 - Californian thistle Scotch thistle hawksbeard wall lettuce ragwort sow thistle
 - mouse eared chickweed cleavers dove's foot cranesbill narrow leaved plantain allseed willow weed selfheal buttercup black nightshade

Stellaria media chickweed Trifolium pratense Trifolium repens Urtica urens

Birds:

eastern rosella fantail grey warbler kerreru magpie marsh harrier waxeye red clover white clover nettle