

Koeleria youngii

SYNONYMS

Trisetum youngii Hook.f.

FAMILY

Poaceae

AUTHORITY

Koeleria youngii (Hook.f.) Barberá, Quintanar, Soreng et P.M.Peterson

FLORA CATEGORY

Vascular – Native

ENDEMIC TAXON

Yes

ENDEMIC GENUS

No

ENDEMIC FAMILY

No

STRUCTURAL CLASS

Grasses

NVS CODE

TRIYOU

CHROMOSOME NUMBER

2n = 28

CURRENT CONSERVATION STATUS

2017 | Not Threatened | Qualifiers: DP

PREVIOUS CONSERVATION STATUSES

2012 | Not Threatened

2009 | Not Threatened

2004 | Not Threatened

DISTRIBUTION

Endemic. North Island, uncommon, on Mt Hikurangi, Ruahine and Tararua Ranges. South Island uncommon, along the main divide and to the west to Fiordland.

HABITAT

Subalpine to alpine (760 - 1980 m) grassland, grey scrub and forest margins, where it often found on boulder falls or slip scars. Usually in shady, damp sites.

MANAAKI WHENUA ONLINE INTERACTIVE KEY

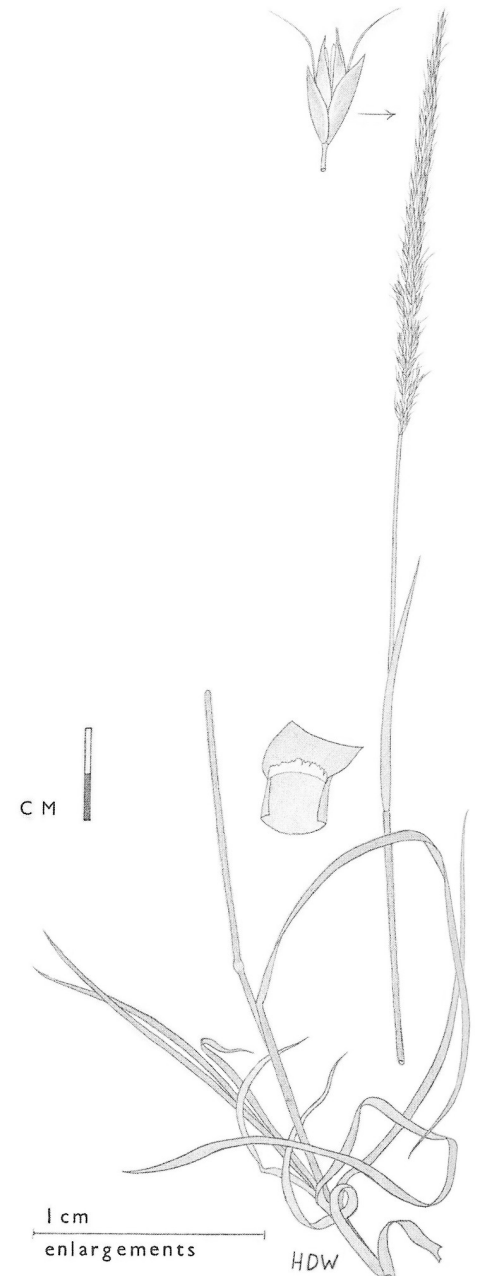
[Key to the grasses of New Zealand](#)

PROPAGATION TECHNIQUE

Easy from fresh seed and division of whole plants. Dislikes humidity but will grow well in most soils though it prefers shade. A very attractive grass which should be more widely grown. Often hybridises with *T. lepidum* and *T. tenellum*.

ETYMOLOGY

koeleria: Named after George Ludwig Koeler (1765-1807), 18th century German botanist. Author of a work on the grasses of Germany and France, *Descriptio graminum in Gallia et Germania* (1802).



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WHERE TO BUY

Not commercially available

MORE INFORMATION

<https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/koeleria-youngii/>