

Drosera stenopetala

COMMON NAMES

sundew

SYNONYMS

None

FAMILY

Droseraceae

AUTHORITY

Drosera stenopetala Hook.f.

FLORA CATEGORY

Vascular – Native

ENDEMIC TAXON

Yes

ENDEMIC GENUS

No

ENDEMIC FAMILY

No

STRUCTURAL CLASS

Herbs - Dicotyledons other than Composites

NVS CODE

DROSTE

CURRENT CONSERVATION STATUS

2017 | Not Threatened

PREVIOUS CONSERVATION STATUSES

2012 | Not Threatened

2009 | Not Threatened

2004 | Not Threatened

DISTRIBUTION

Endemic. North Island (uncommon, central ranges and volcanic plateau south), South Island, Stewart Island/Rakiura, Auckland Islands and Campbell Island/Motu Ihupuku.

HABITAT

Montane to subalpine peat bogs, tarns, pools and slow-flowing stream margins, descending to sea level in the southern part of its range.

WETLAND PLANT INDICATOR STATUS RATING

OBL: Obligate Wetland

Almost always is a hydrophyte, rarely in uplands (non-wetlands).

FLOWER COLOURS

White

LIFE CYCLE

Minute seeds are wind dispersed (Thorsen et al., 2009).

PROPAGATION TECHNIQUE

Difficult. Should not be removed from the wild.



Mount Climie, northern Remutaka Range.
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ETYMOLOGY

drosera: Dewy

stenopetala: From the Greek stenos (narrow) and petalum (petal), narrow petalled

WHERE TO BUY

Not commercially available.

REFERENCES AND FURTHER READING

Thorsen MJ, Dickinson KJM, Seddon PJ. 2009. Seed dispersal systems in the New Zealand flora. *Perspectives in Plant Ecology, Evolution and Systematics* 11: 285–309.

MORE INFORMATION

<https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/drosera-stenopetala/>

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